

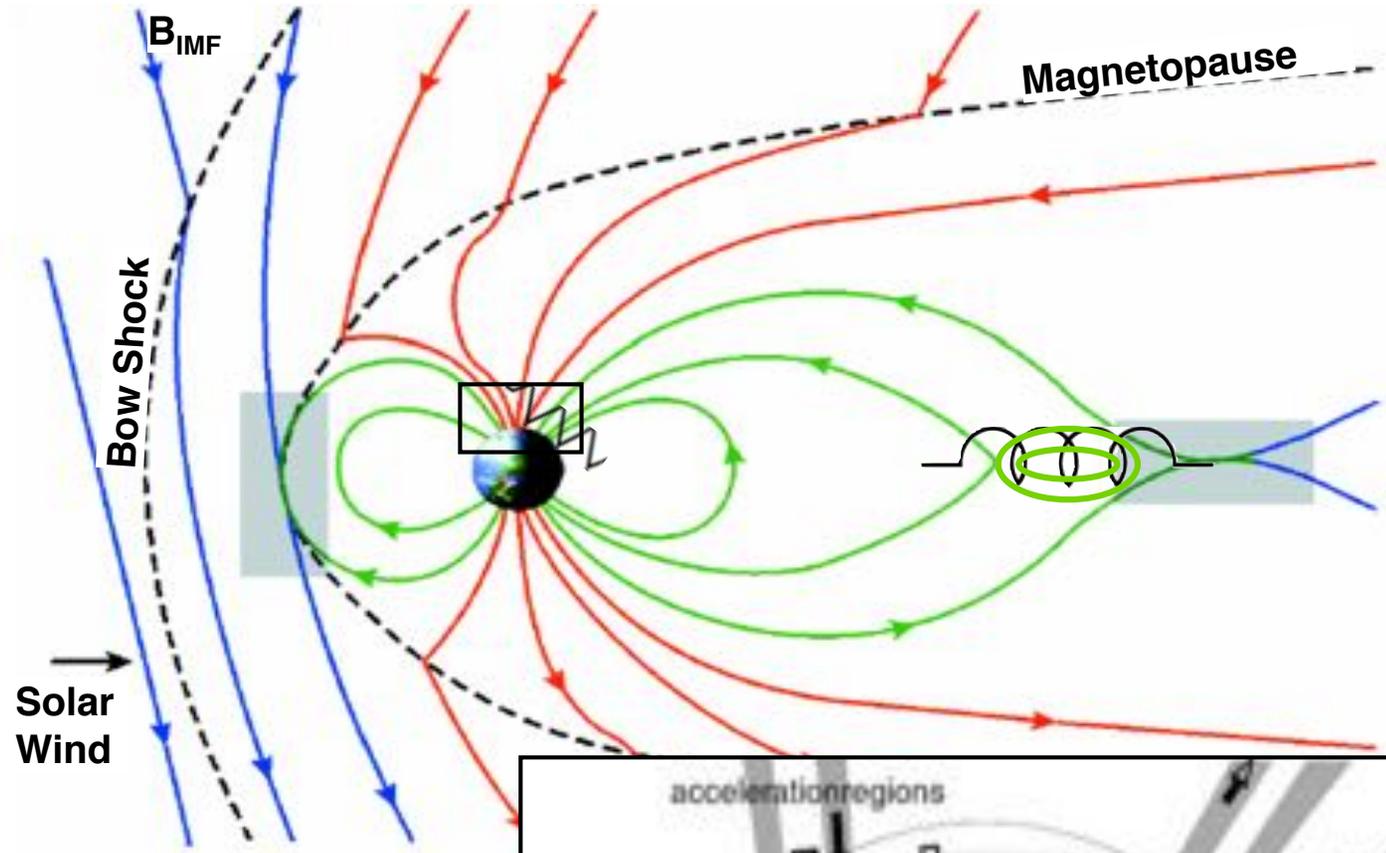
# Auroral Plasma Dynamics Revealed through Radio-Optical Sensor Fusion

Joshua Semeter  
Boston University Center for Space Physics

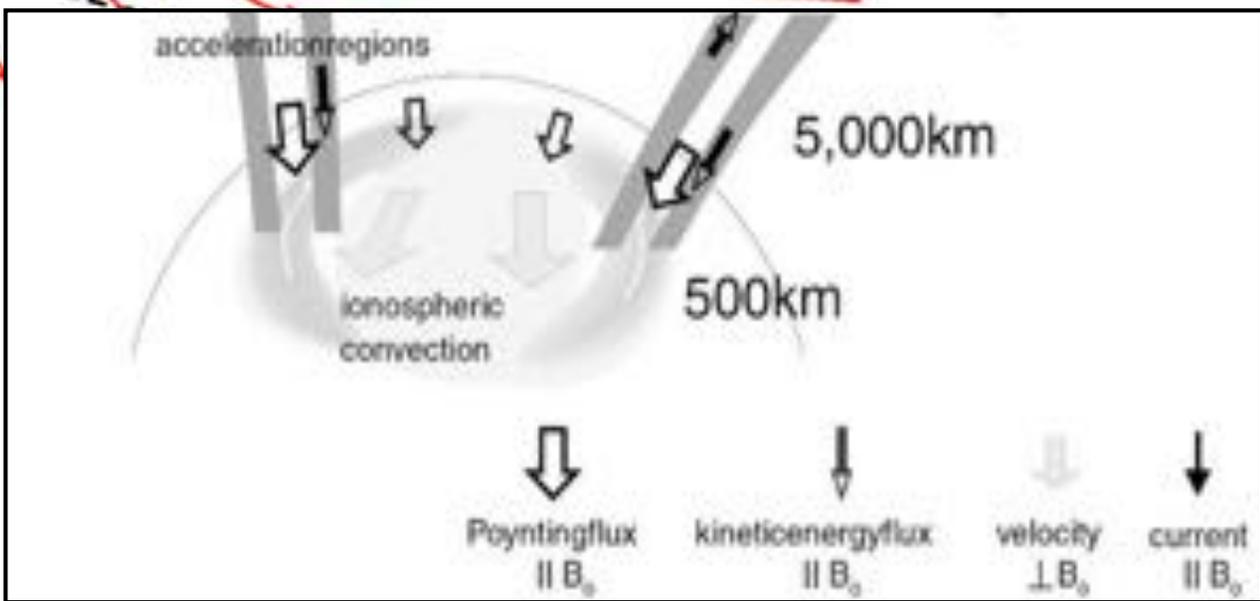
A photograph of a green aurora borealis in a dark sky. The aurora is a bright, glowing green band across the upper half of the image. Below it, a dark, circular object, possibly a dome or a large rock, is silhouetted against the horizon. The foreground is dark and indistinct.

Acknowledgements: Sebastijan Mrak, Brent Parham, Nithin Sivadas, John Swoboda,  
Michael Hirsch, Hassan Akbari, Chhavi Goenka, Matt Zettergren, Marcos Diaz

# Solar wind - Magnetosphere Coupling: Energy Storage and Release



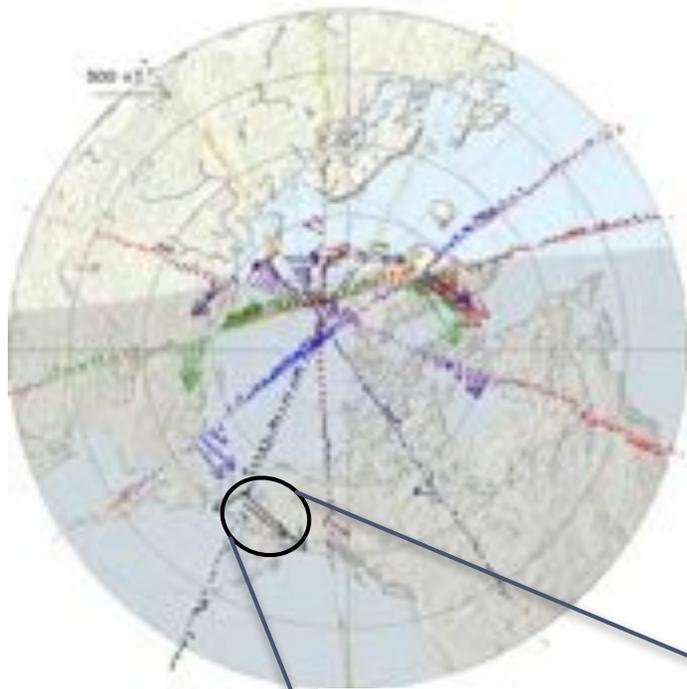
Inductive energy is accumulated in the magnetotail via interaction with the solar wind. Stored energy is released impulsively into the atmosphere as heat, ionization, radiation, and bulk acceleration of gases.



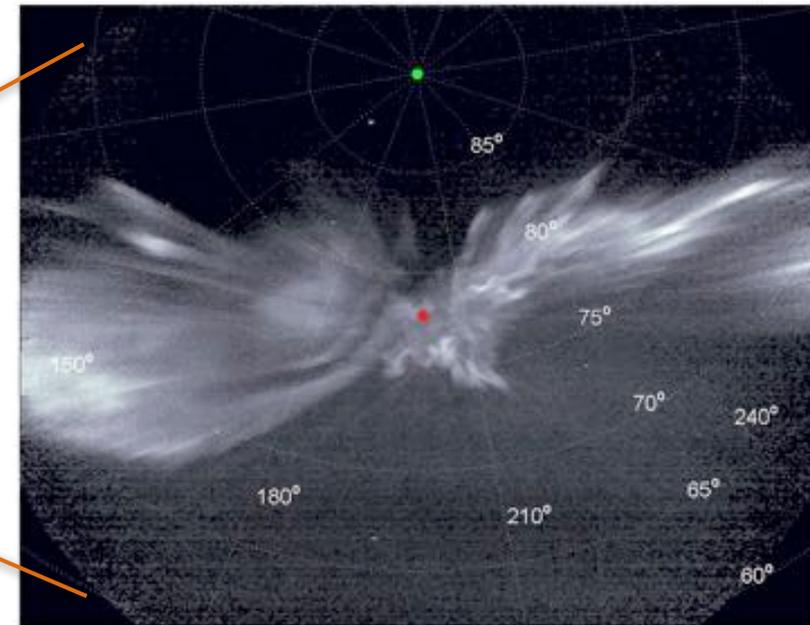
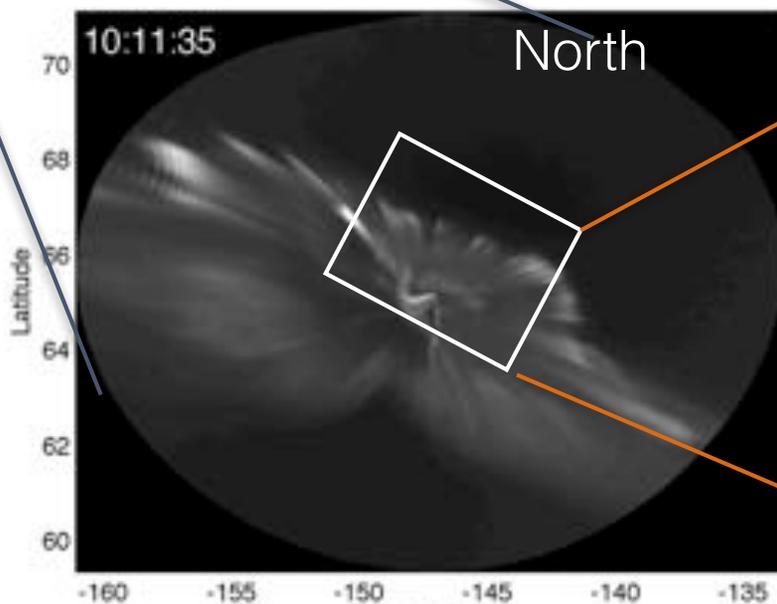
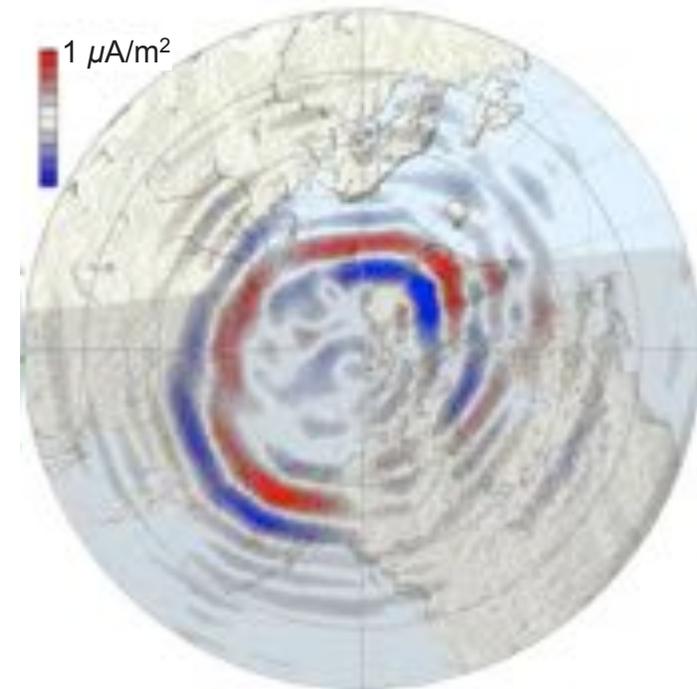
# Geospace multiscale mission

01 Mar 2011 10:04:00 - 10:14:00 UT

(north)



Spherical  
harmonic  
expansion



# Incoherent Scatter Radar

RISR



EISCAT

ESR

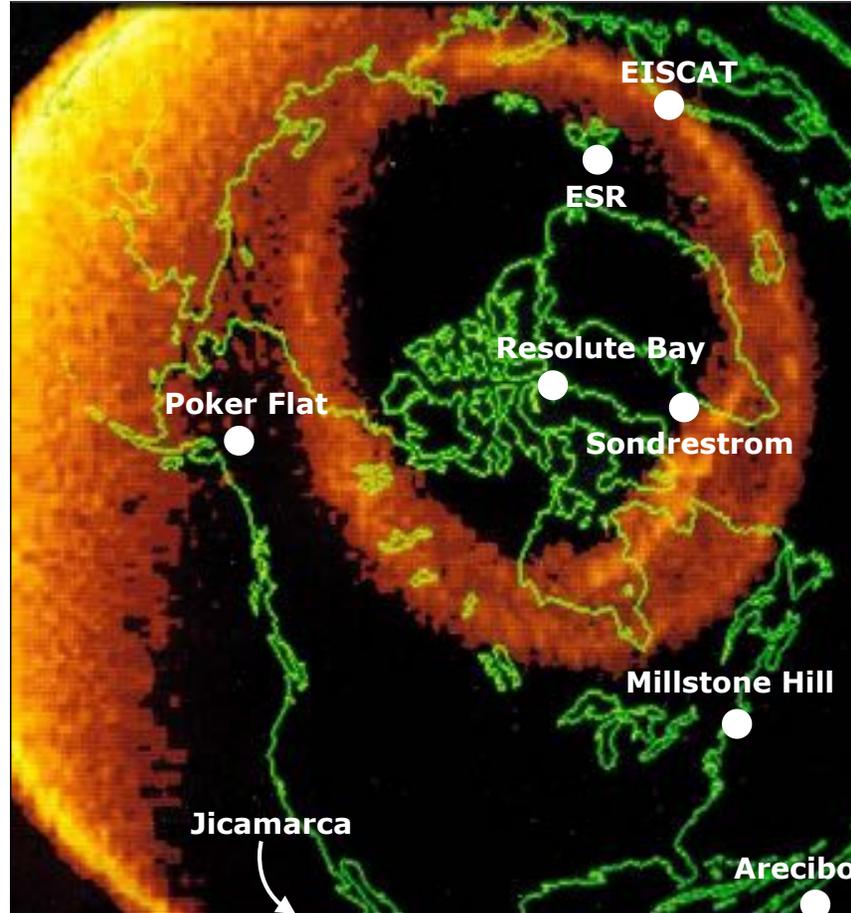
Resolute Bay

Sondrestrom

Millstone Hill

Jicamarca

Arecibo



ESR



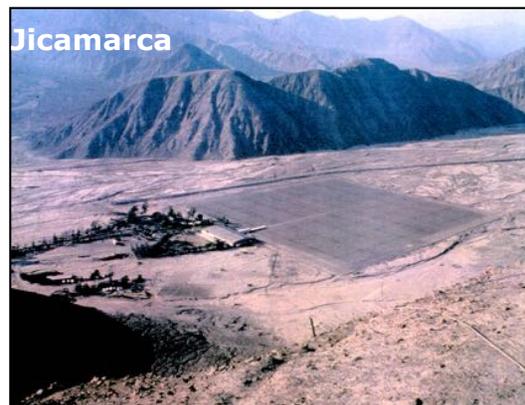
EISCAT



PFISR



Jicamarca



Arecibo



Millstone Hill



Sondrestrom



# Incoherent Scatter Radar

## Ion-acoustic

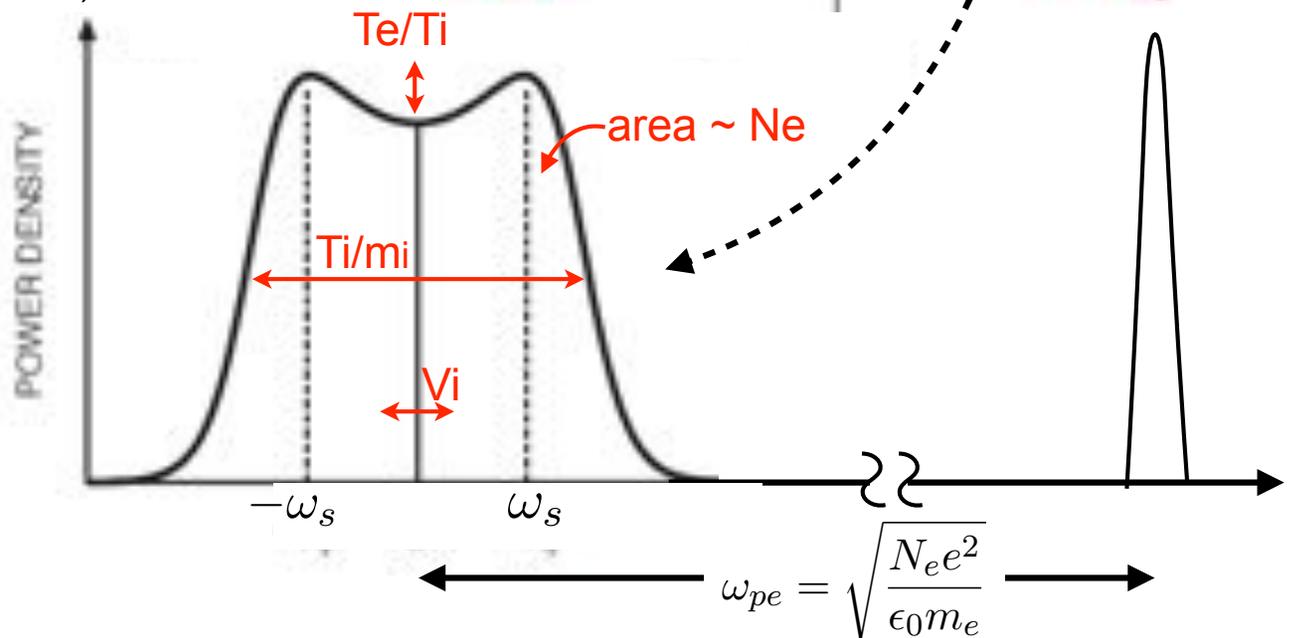
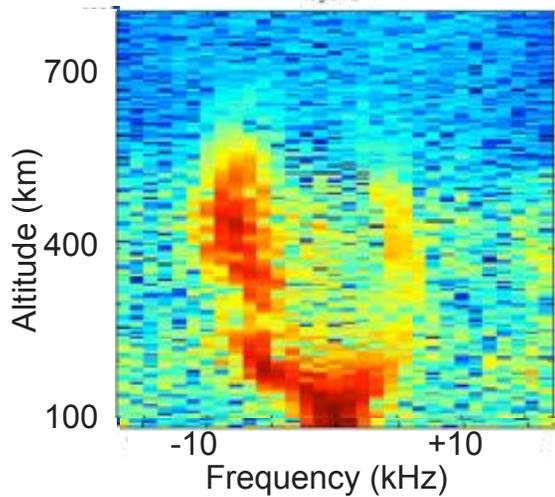
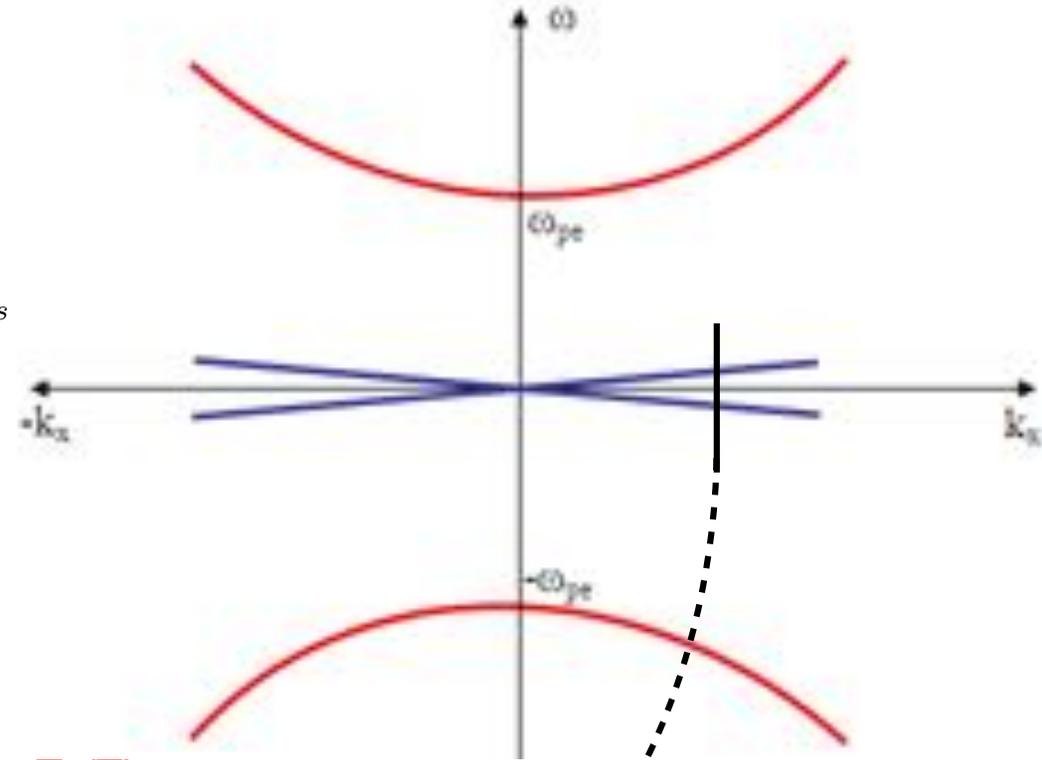
$$\omega_s = C_s k \quad C_s = \sqrt{k_B(T_e + 3T_i)/m_i}$$

$$\omega_{si} = -\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{8}} \left[ \left(\frac{m_e}{m_i}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} + \left(\frac{T_e}{T_i}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \exp\left(-\frac{T_e}{2T_i} - \frac{3}{2}\right) \right] \omega_s$$

## Langmuir

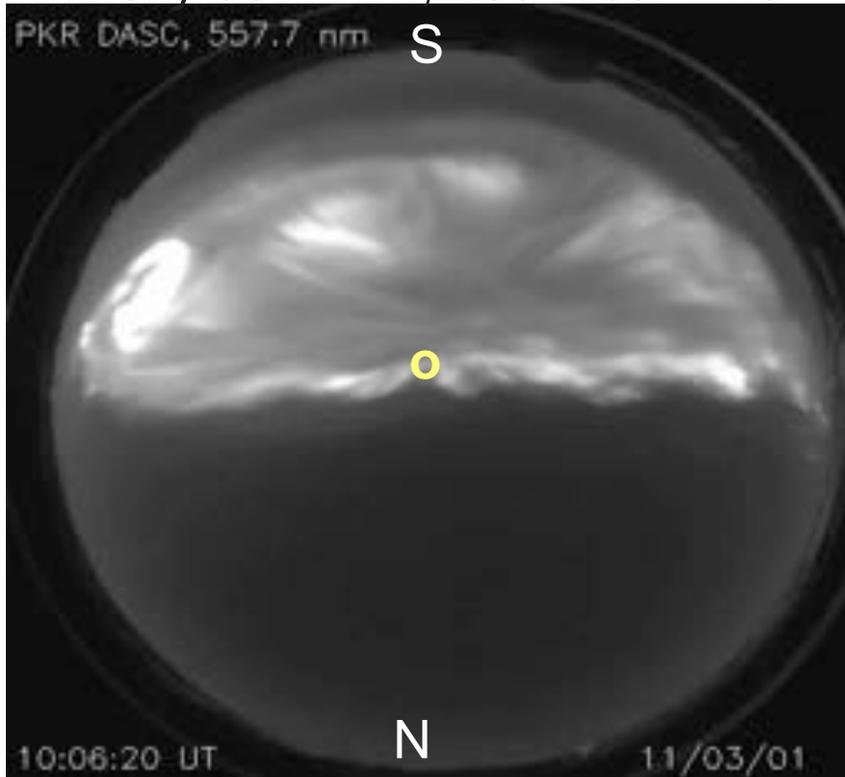
$$\omega_L = \sqrt{\omega_{pe}^2 + 3k^2 v_{the}^2} \approx \omega_{pe} + \frac{3}{2} v_{the} \lambda_{De} k^2$$

$$\omega_{Li} \approx -\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{8}} \frac{\omega_{pe}^3}{k^3 v_{the}^3} \exp\left(-\frac{\omega_{pe}^2}{2k^2 v_{the}^2} - \frac{3}{2}\right) \omega_L$$

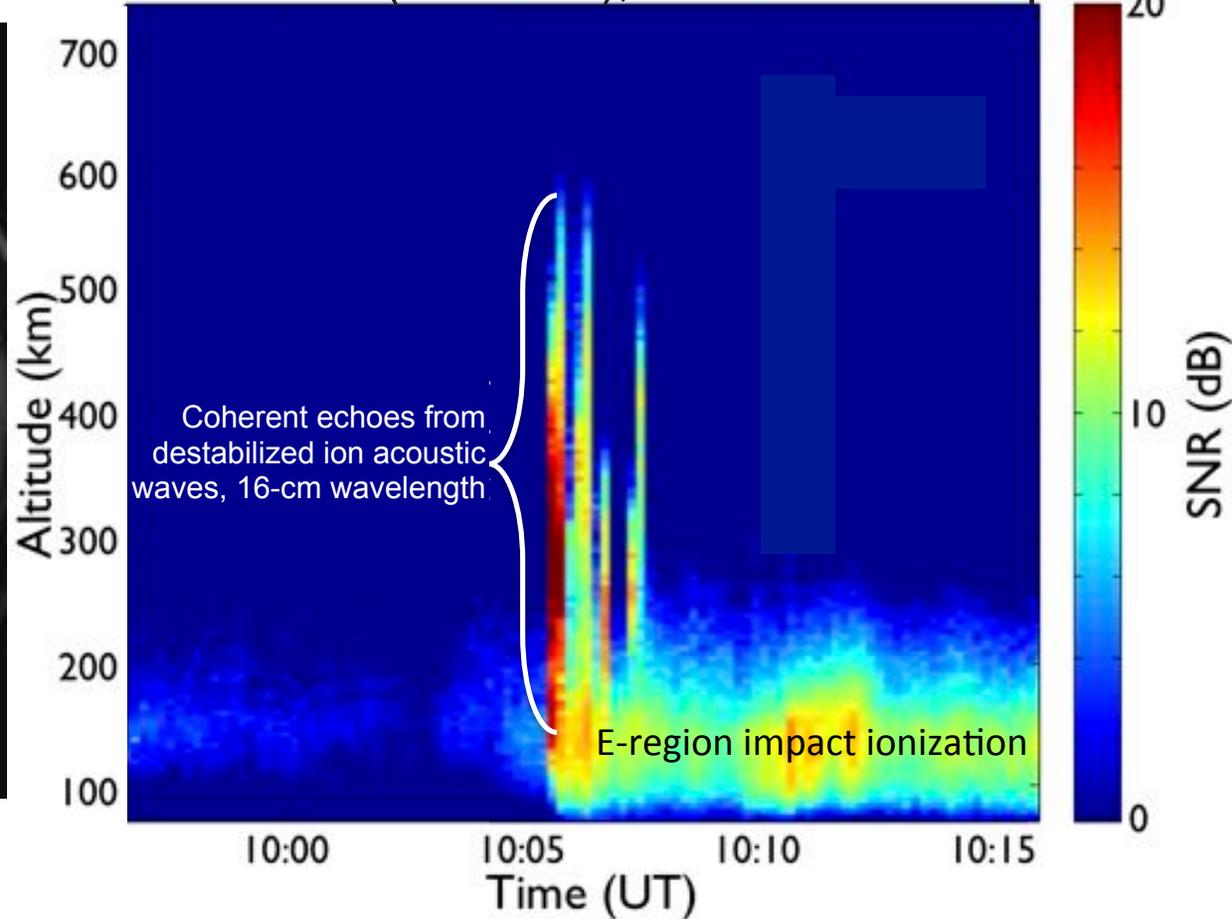


# Radar perspective

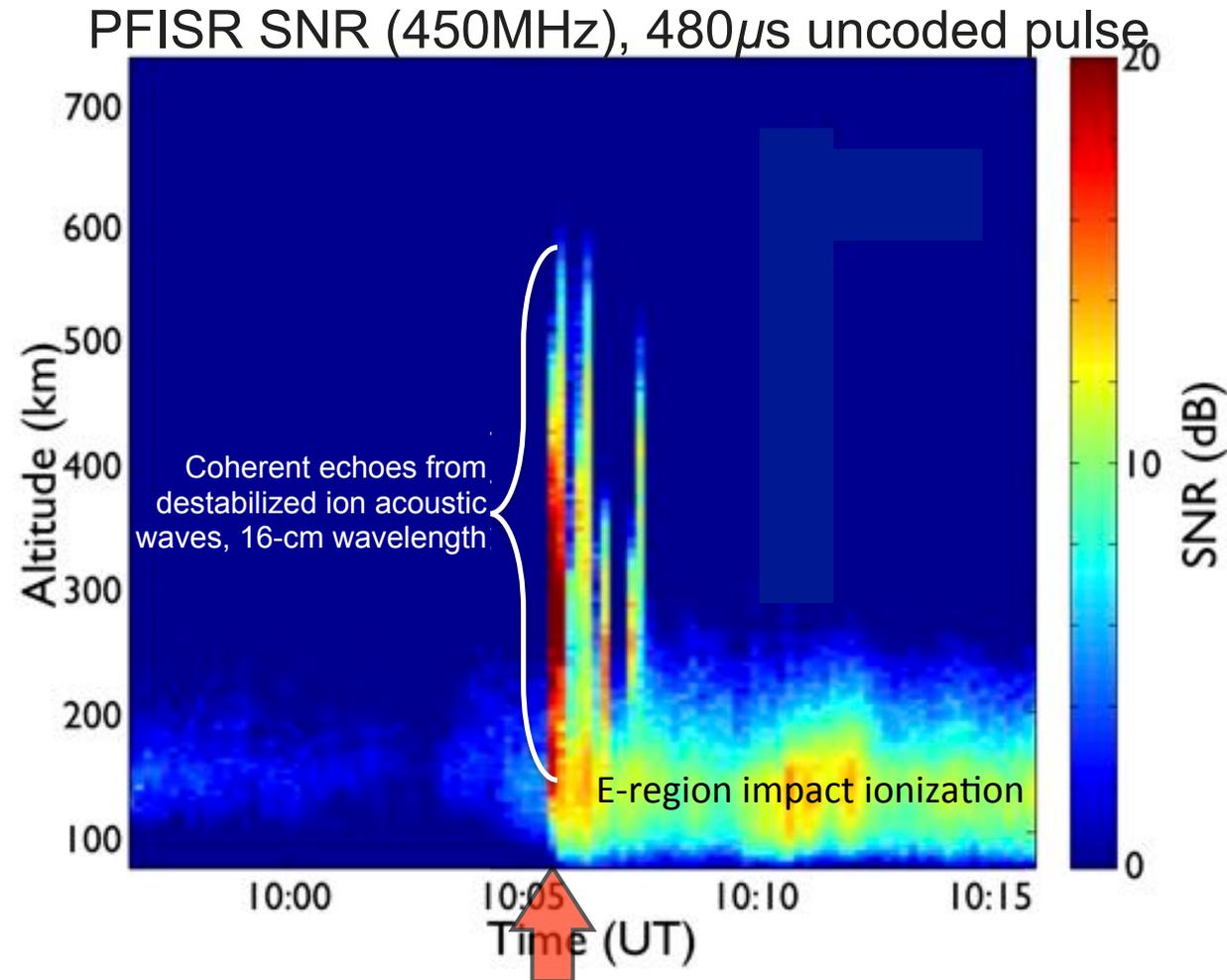
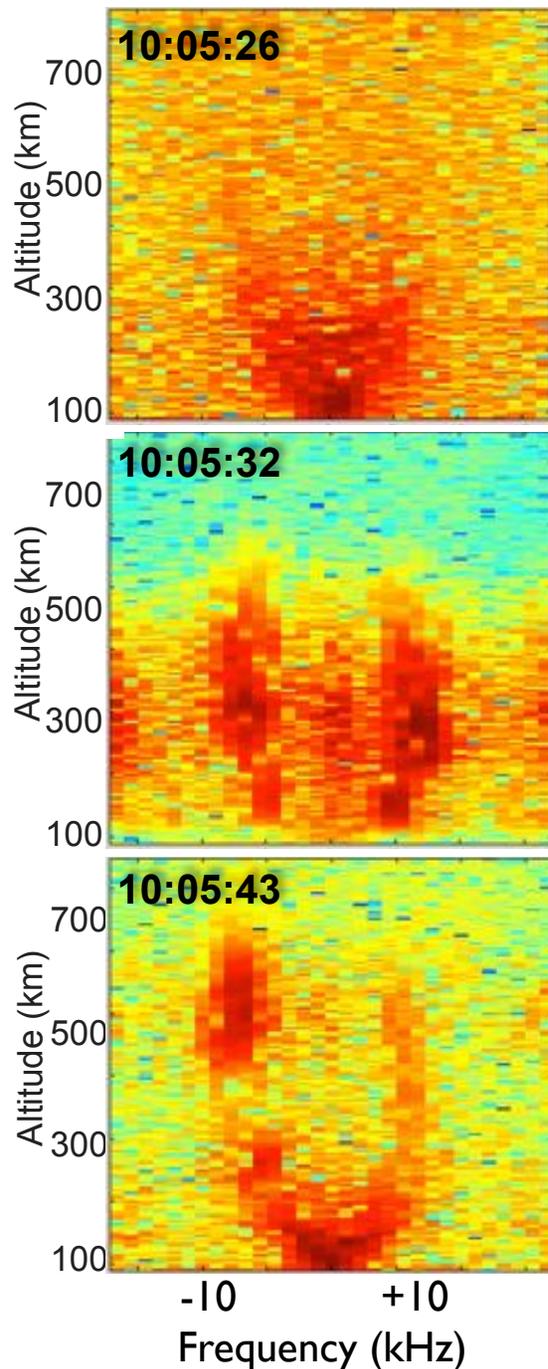
All-sky 557.7nm, 100x real time



PFISR SNR (450MHz), 480us uncoded pulse



# Radar perspective

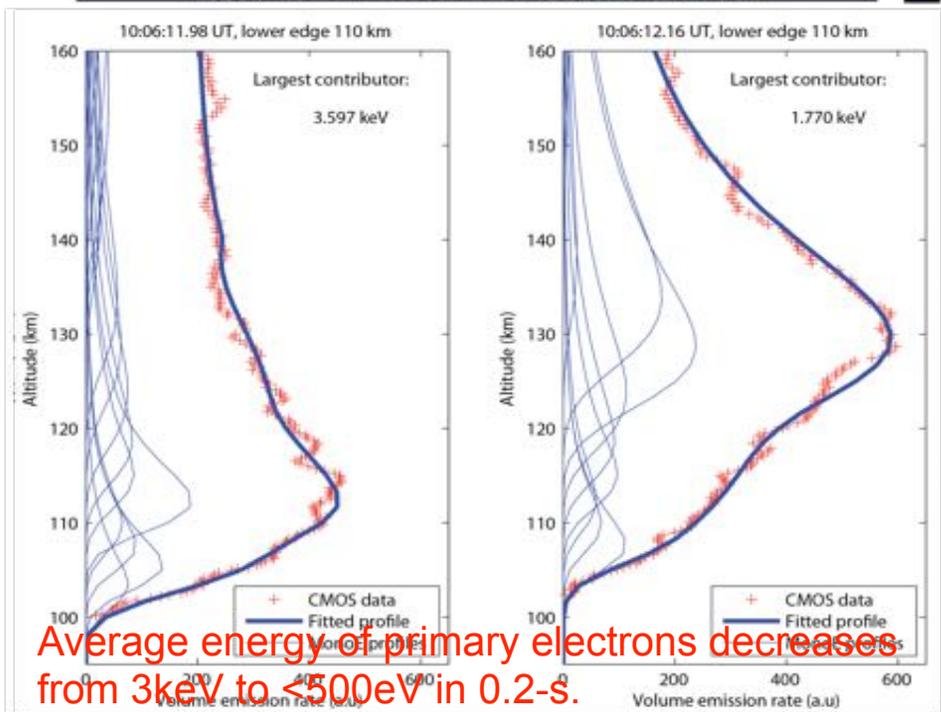
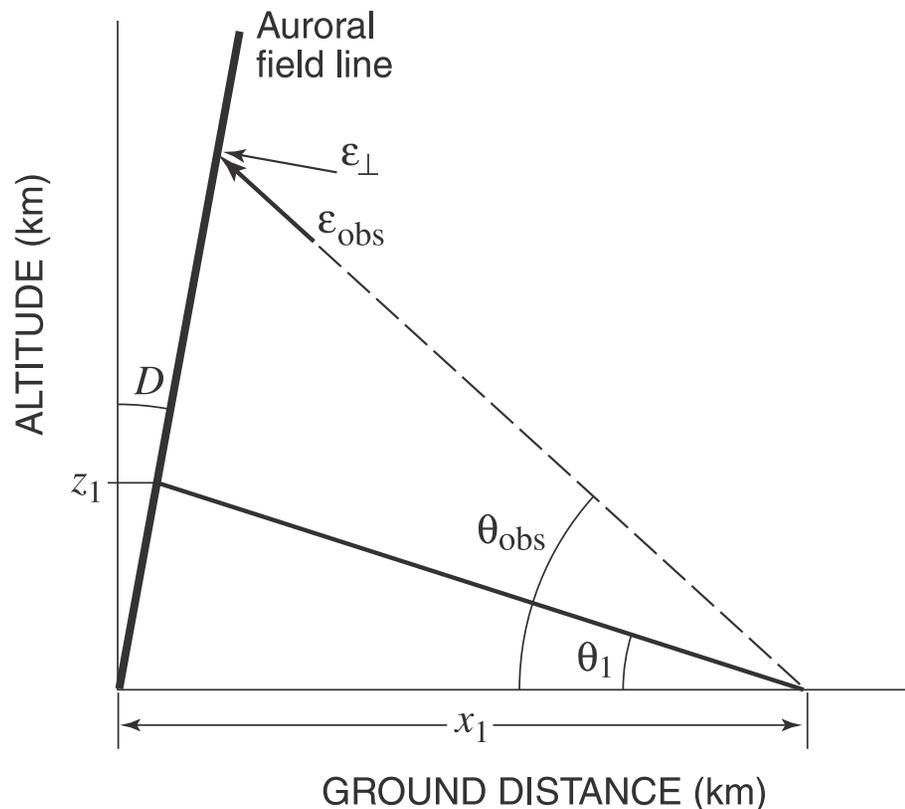
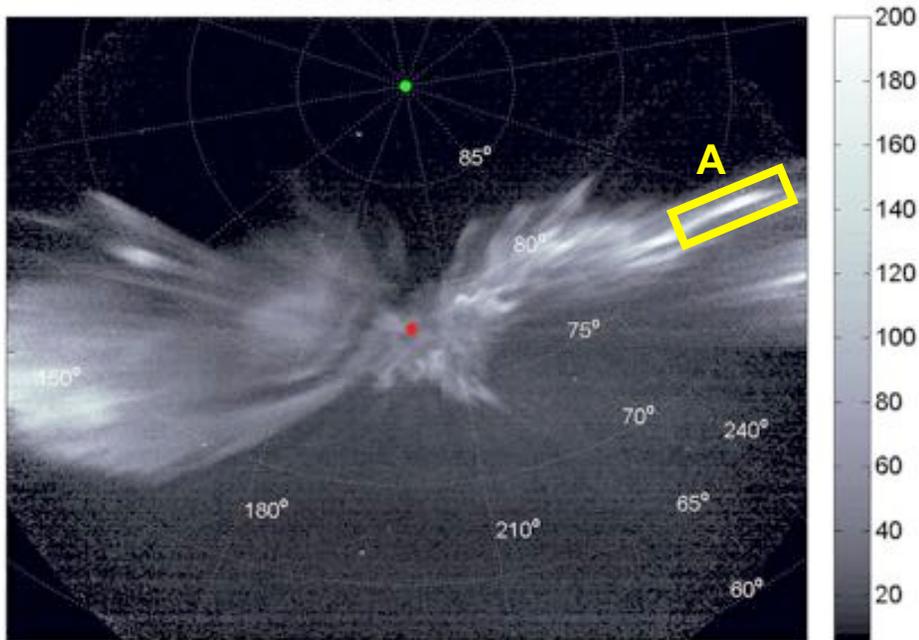


## Candidate mechanisms:

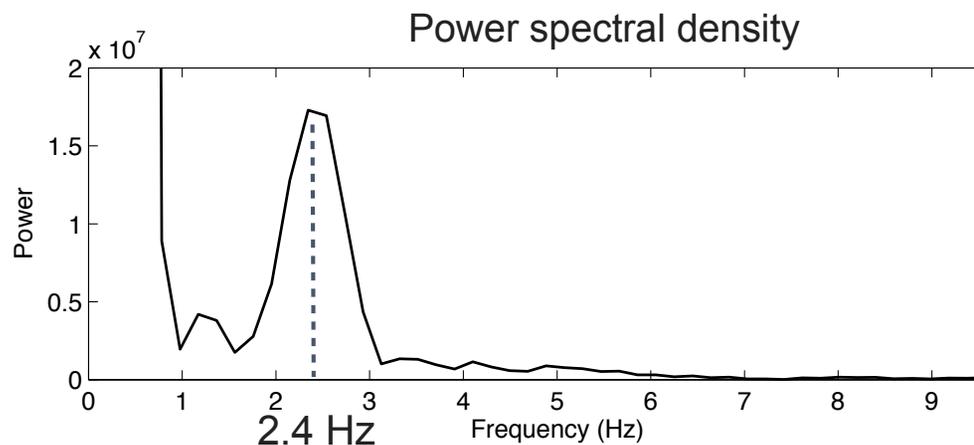
1. Parametric decay of Langmuir turbulence (beam related)
2. ion-electron streaming instability (current related)

# Optical manifestation of dispersive bursts

2011/03/01, 10:09:02.880



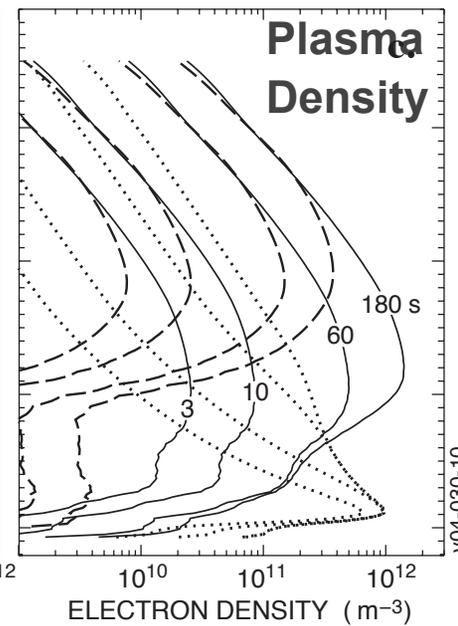
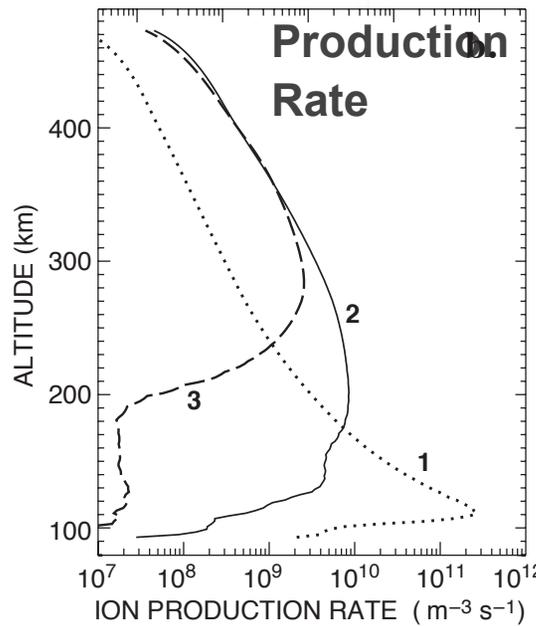
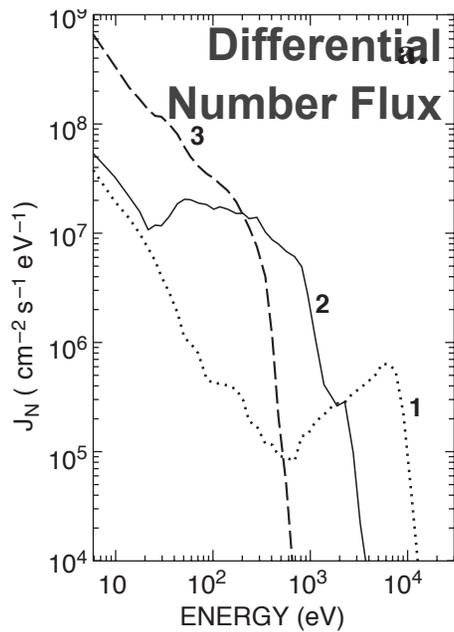
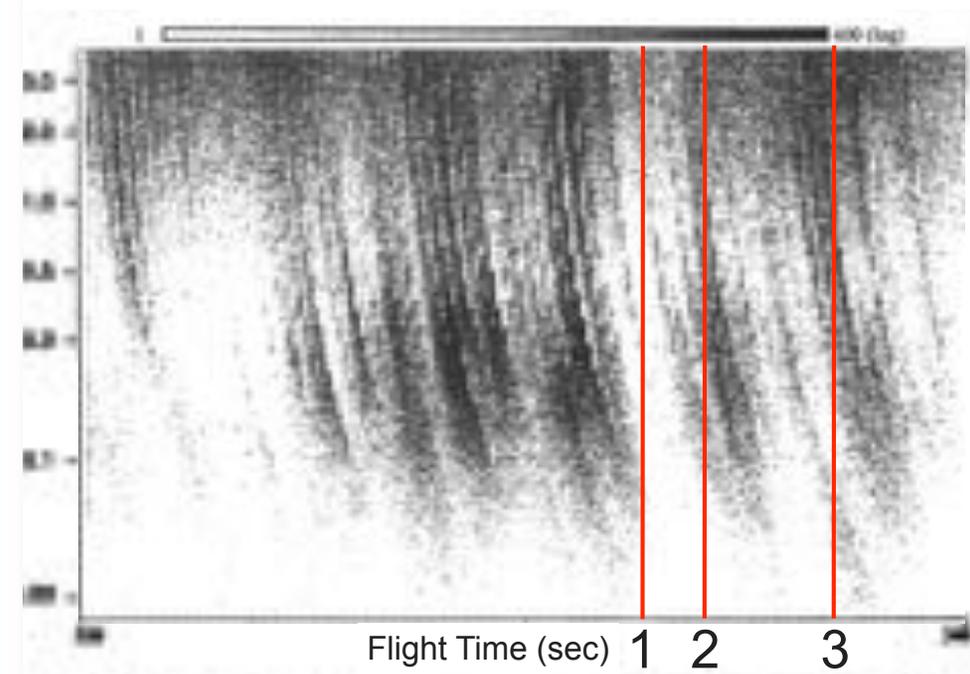
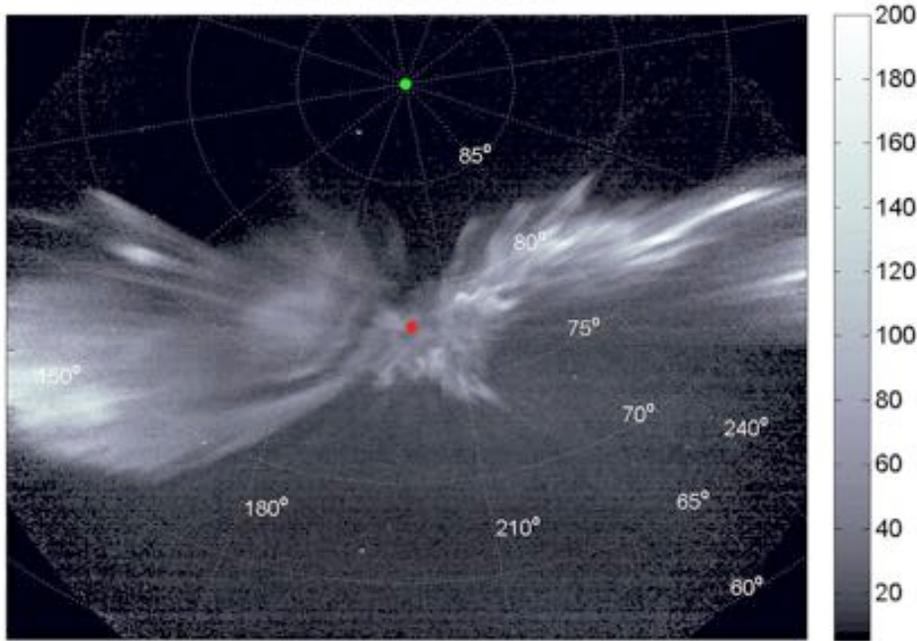
Average energy of primary electrons decreases from 3keV to <500eV in 0.2-s.



Field-aligned bursts are periodic at ~2.4Hz  
Dahlgren et al., JGRA 2013

# Time-energy dispersed electron

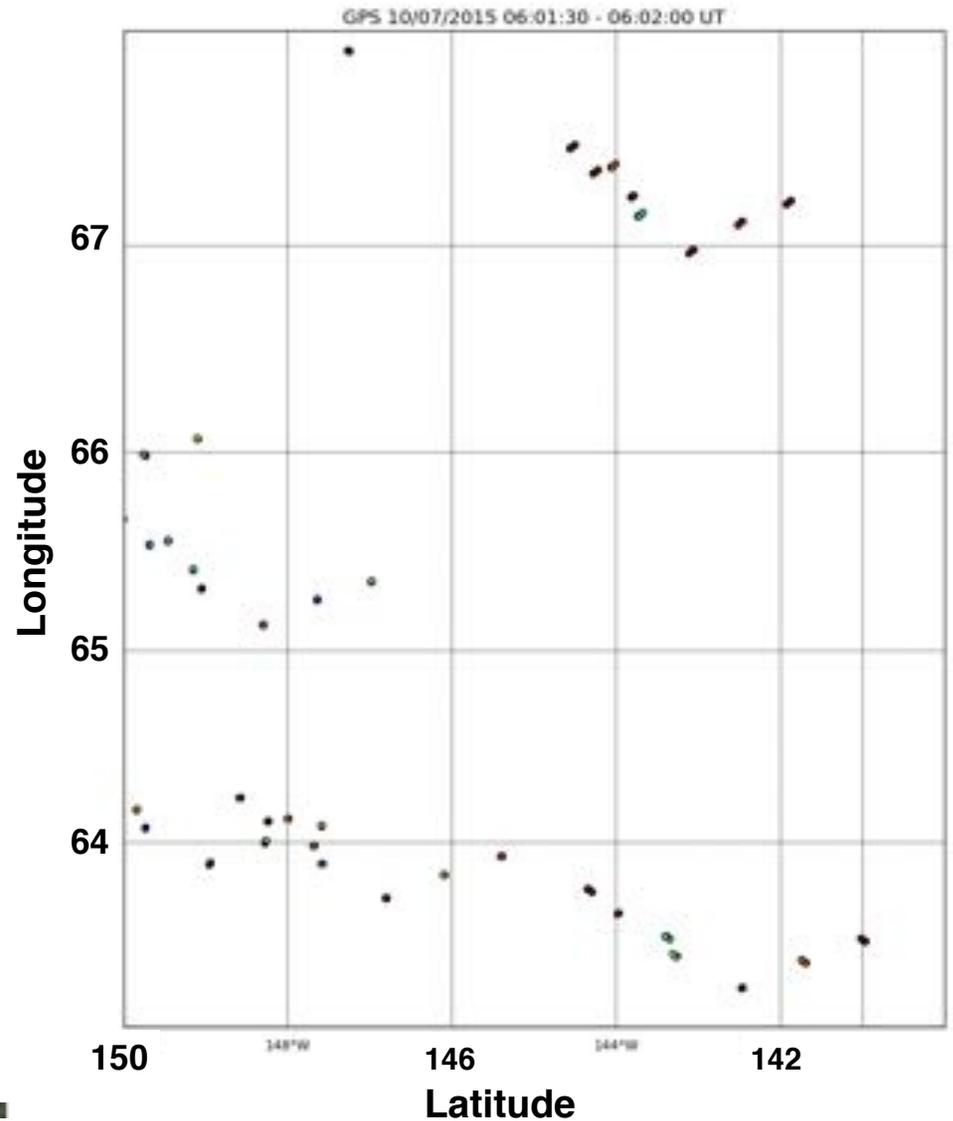
2011/03/01, 10:09:02.880



Arnoldy et al., 1999

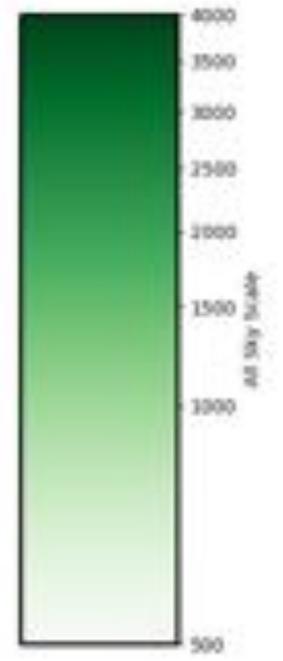
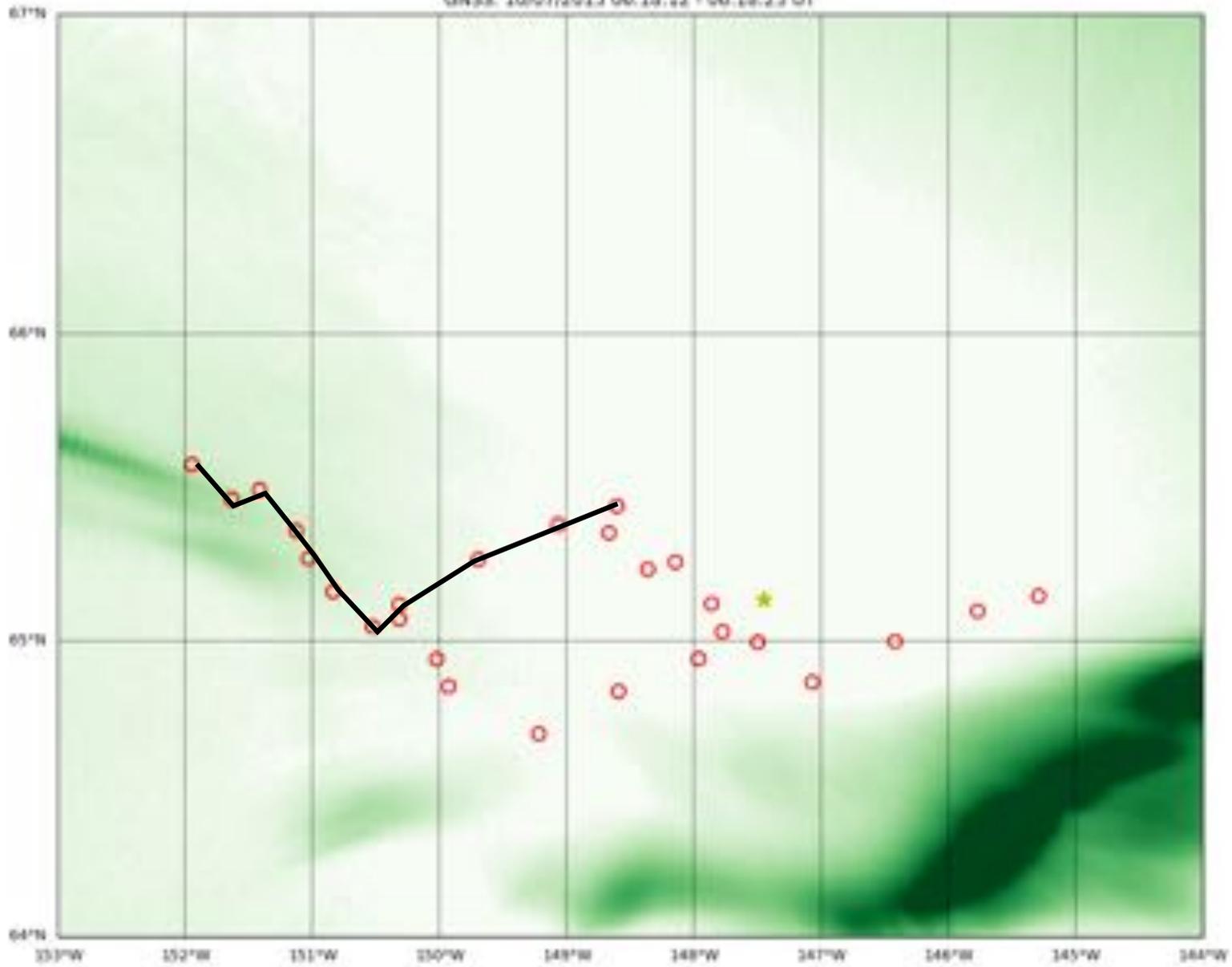
Semeter et al., 2005

# Mahali Experiment

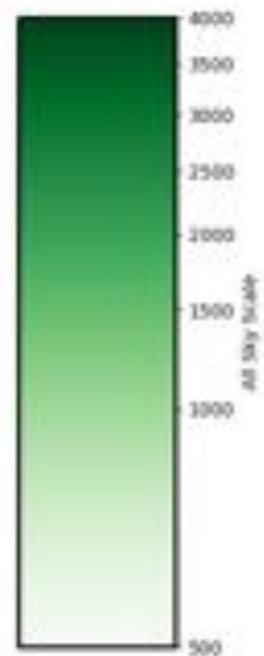
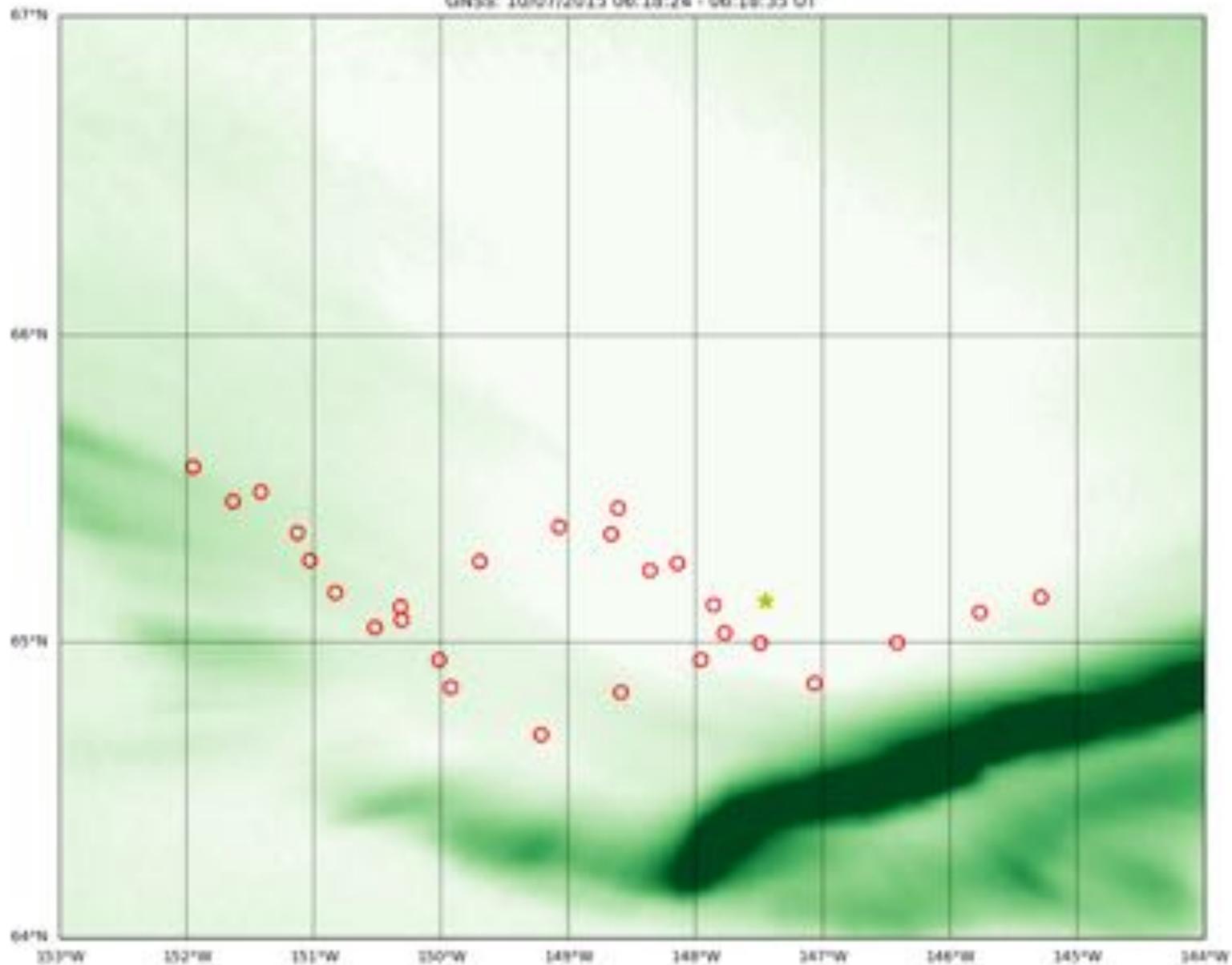


<https://mahali.mit.edu>

All Sky Camera: 2015-10-07 06:18:23.020 UT  
GNSS: 10/07/2015 06:18:12 - 06:18:23 UT

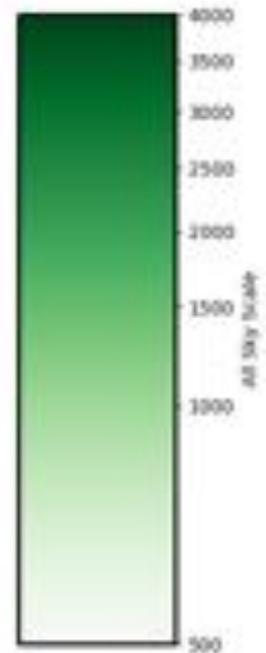
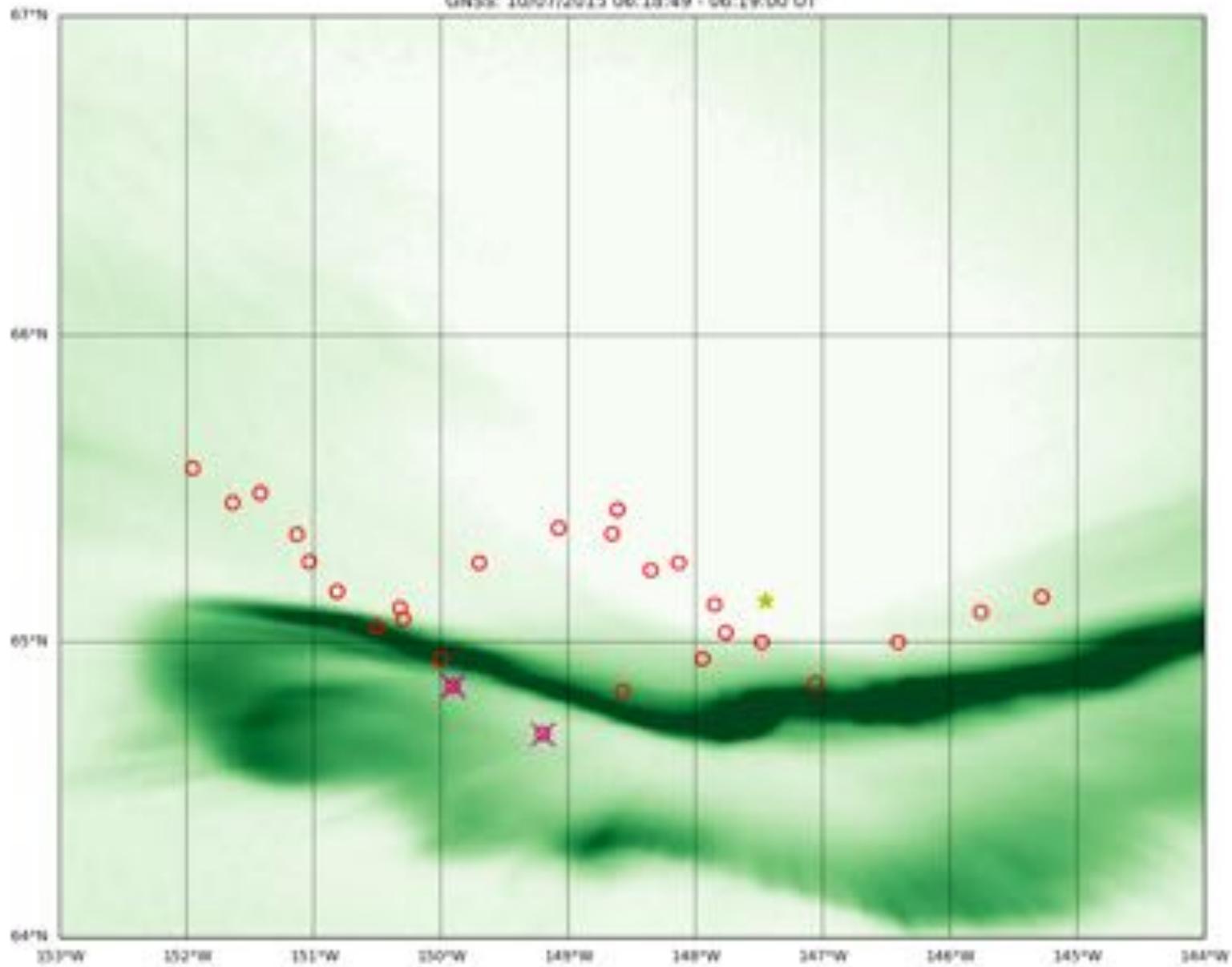


All Sky Camera: 2015-10-07 06:18:35.520 UT  
GNSS: 10/07/2015 06:18:24 - 06:18:35 UT

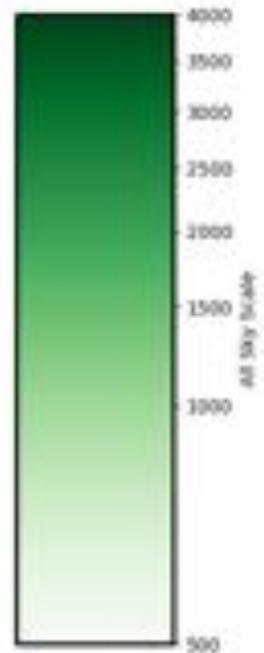
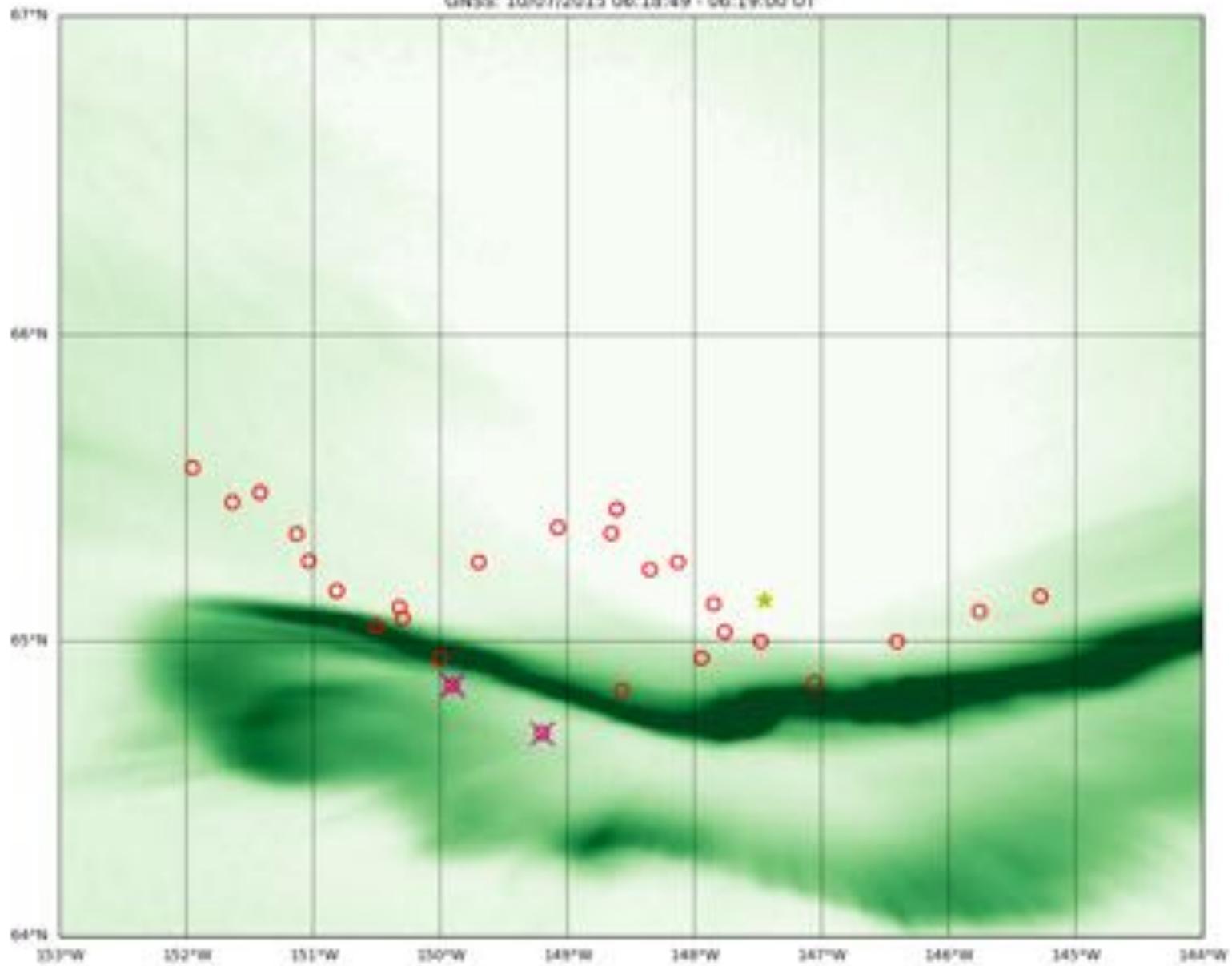




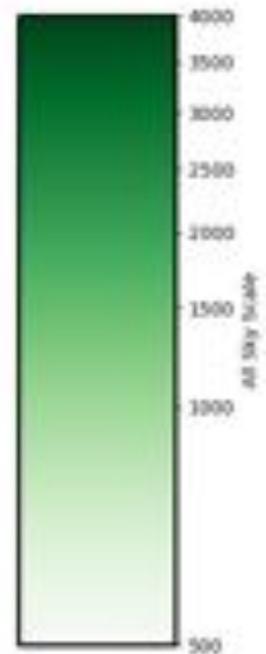
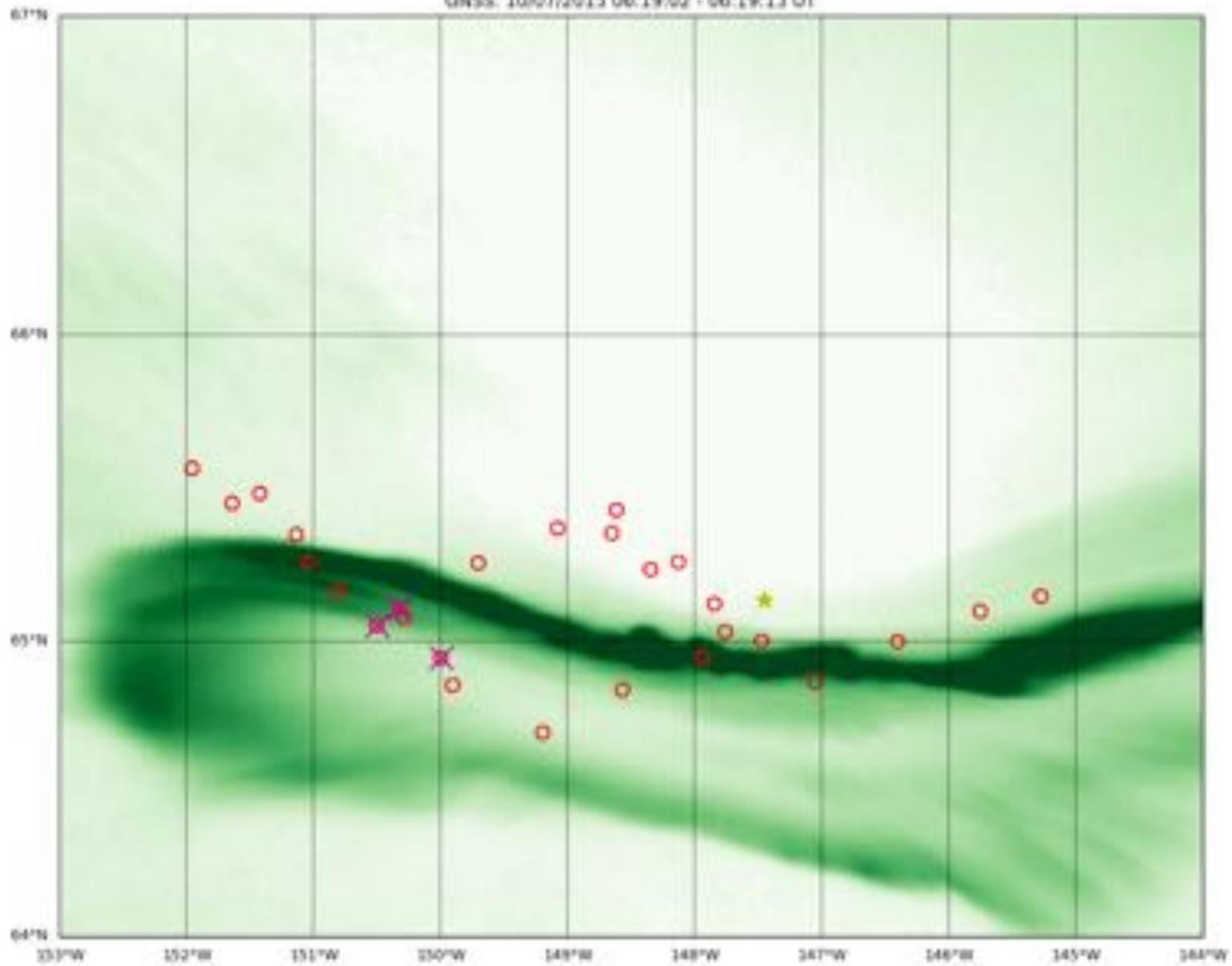
All Sky Camera: 2015-10-07 06:19:00.520 UT  
GNSS: 10/07/2015 06:18:49 - 06:19:00 UT



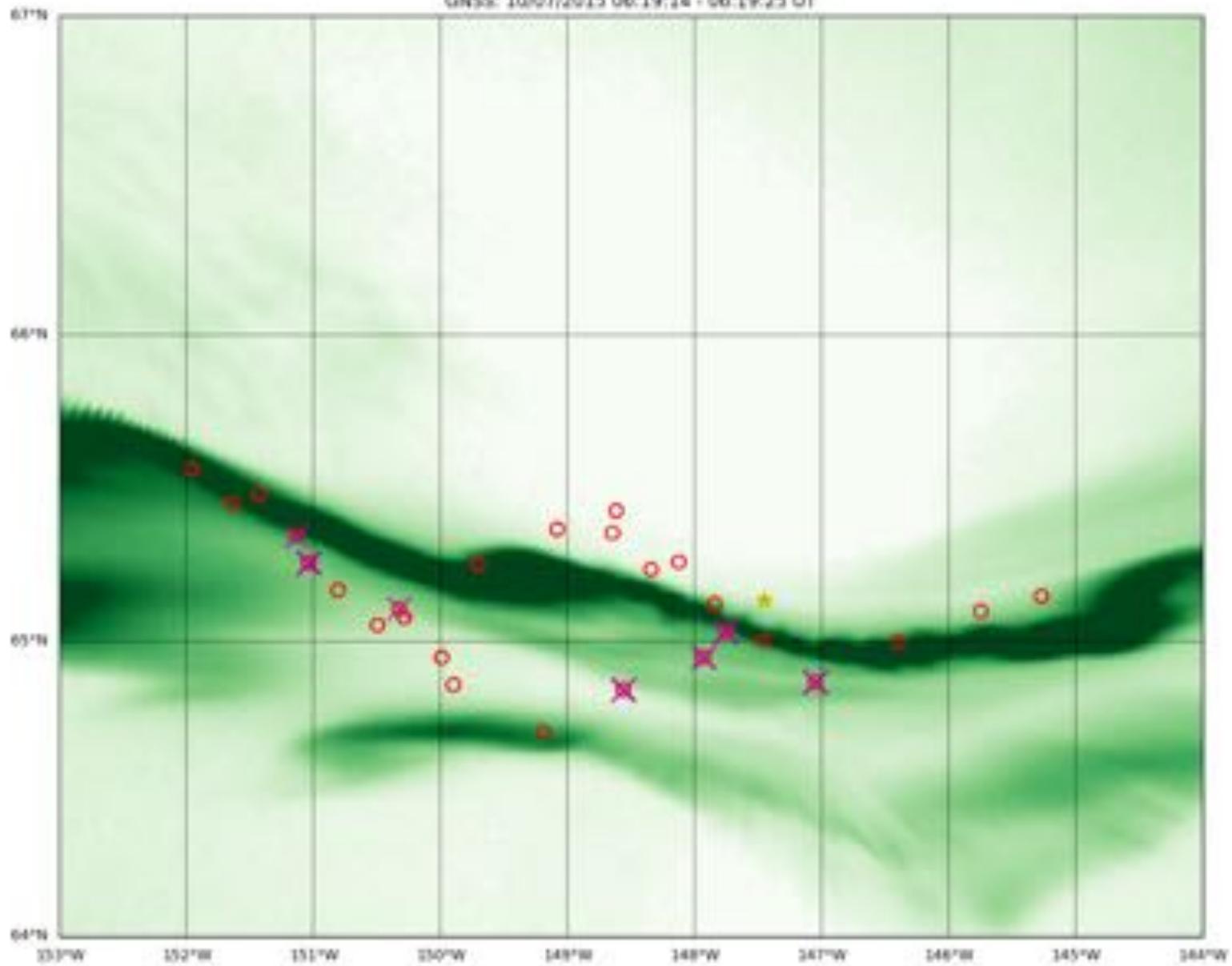
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GNSS: 10/07/2015 06:18:49 - 06:19:00 UT



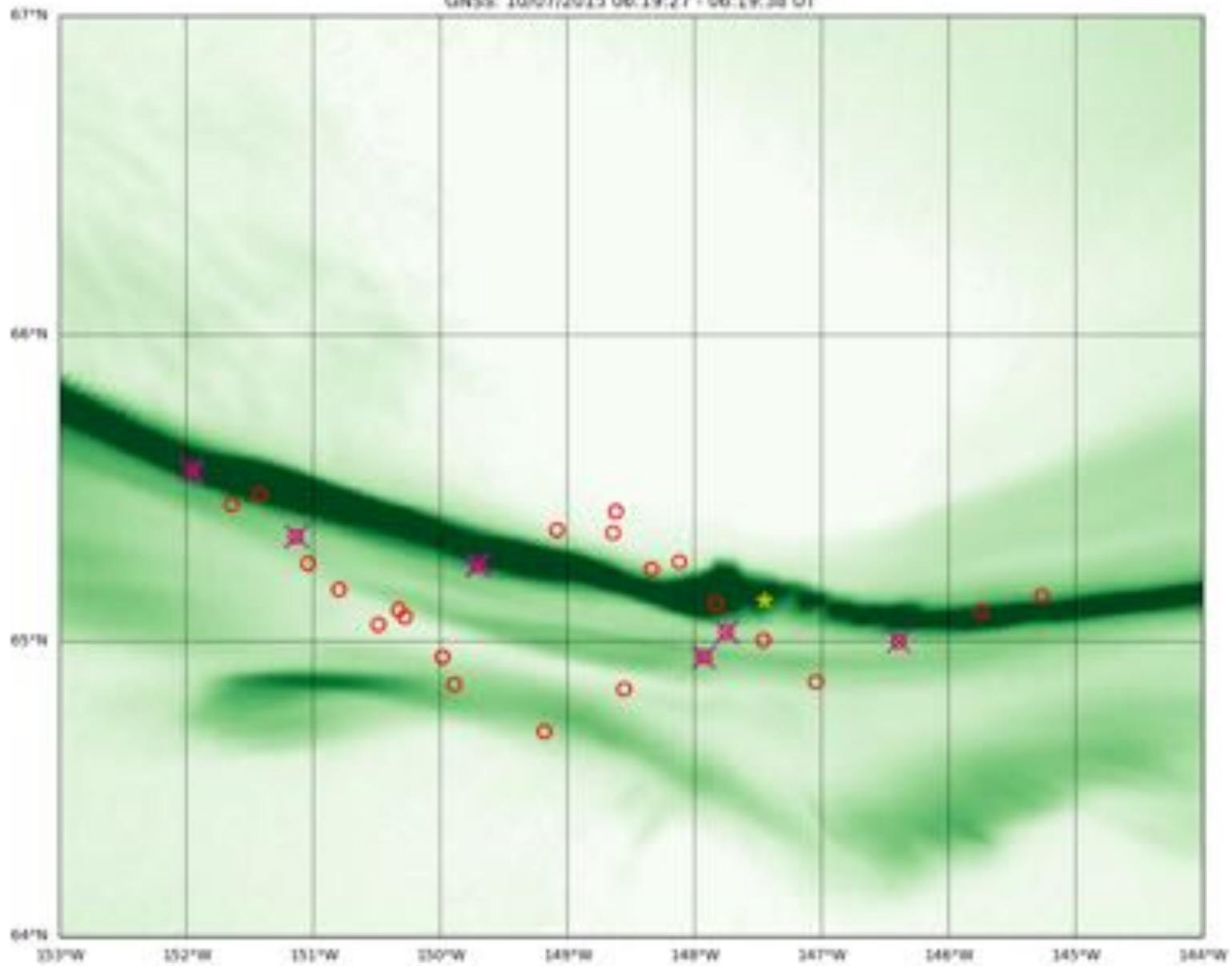
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GNSS: 10/07/2015 06:19:02 - 06:19:13 UT



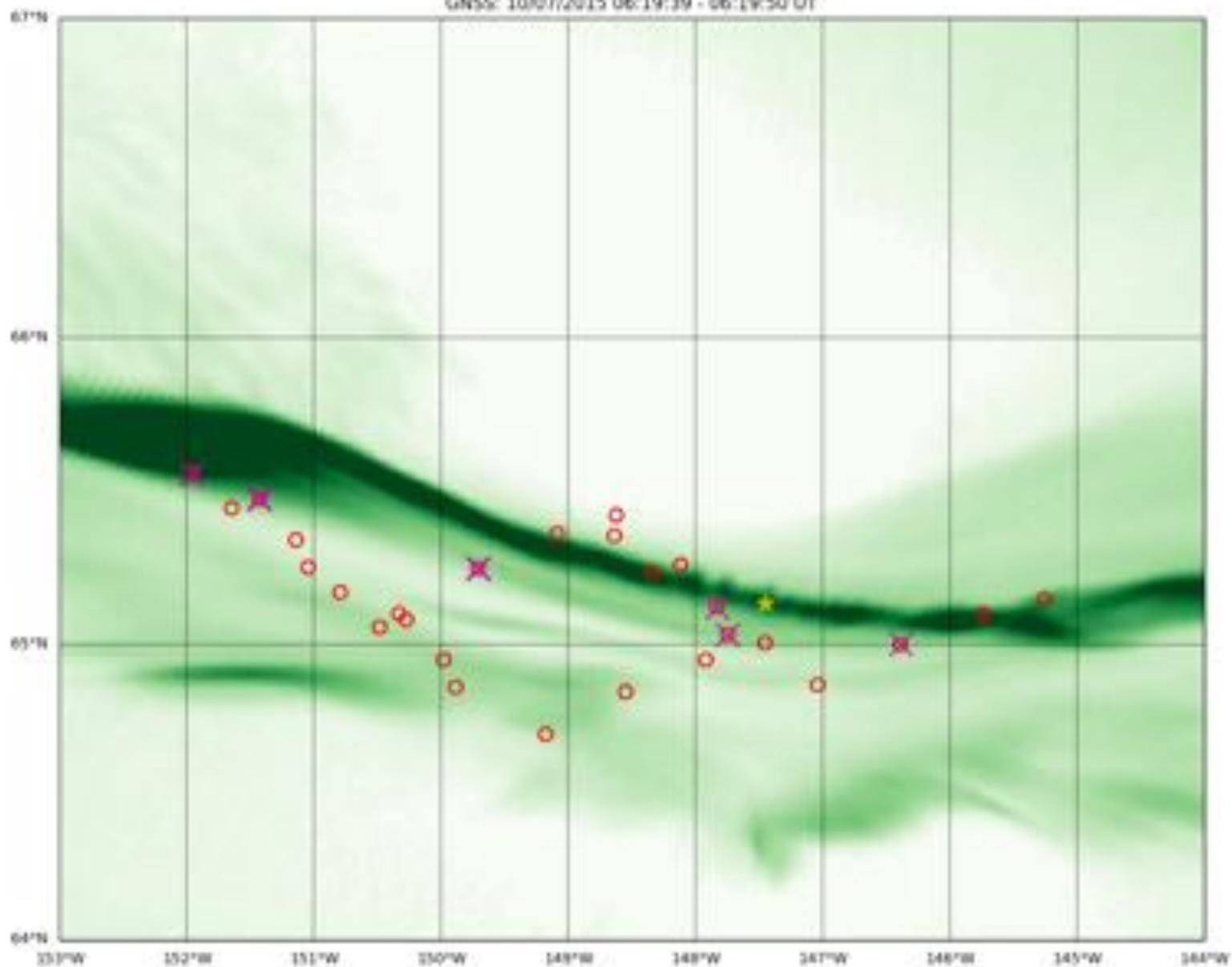
All Sky Camera: 2015-10-07 06:19:25.536 UT  
GNSS: 10/07/2015 06:19:14 - 06:19:25 UT



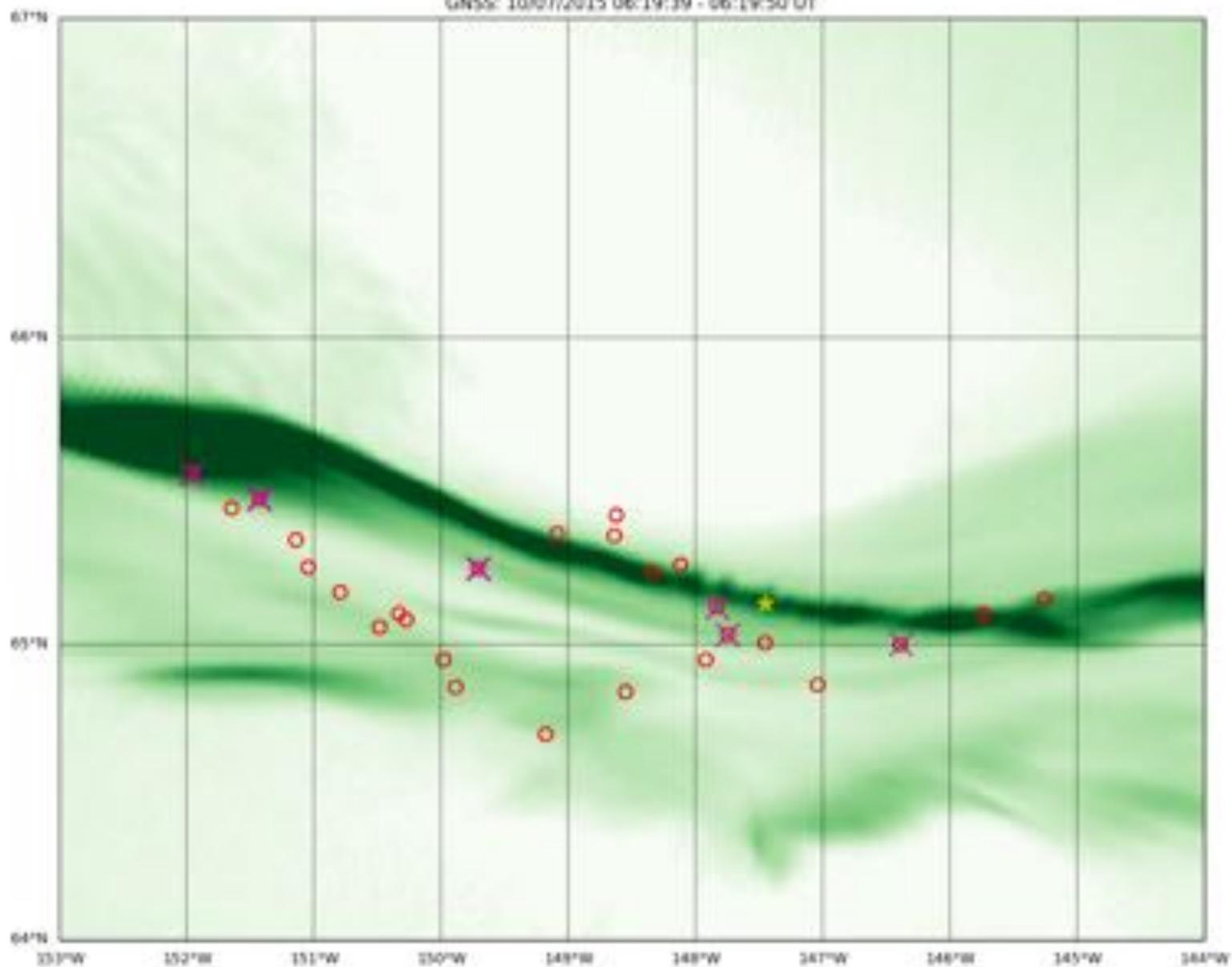
All Sky Camera: 2015-10-07 06:19:38.020 UT  
GNSS: 10/07/2015 06:19:27 - 06:19:38 UT



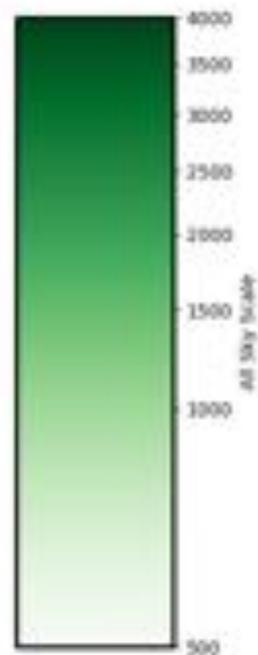
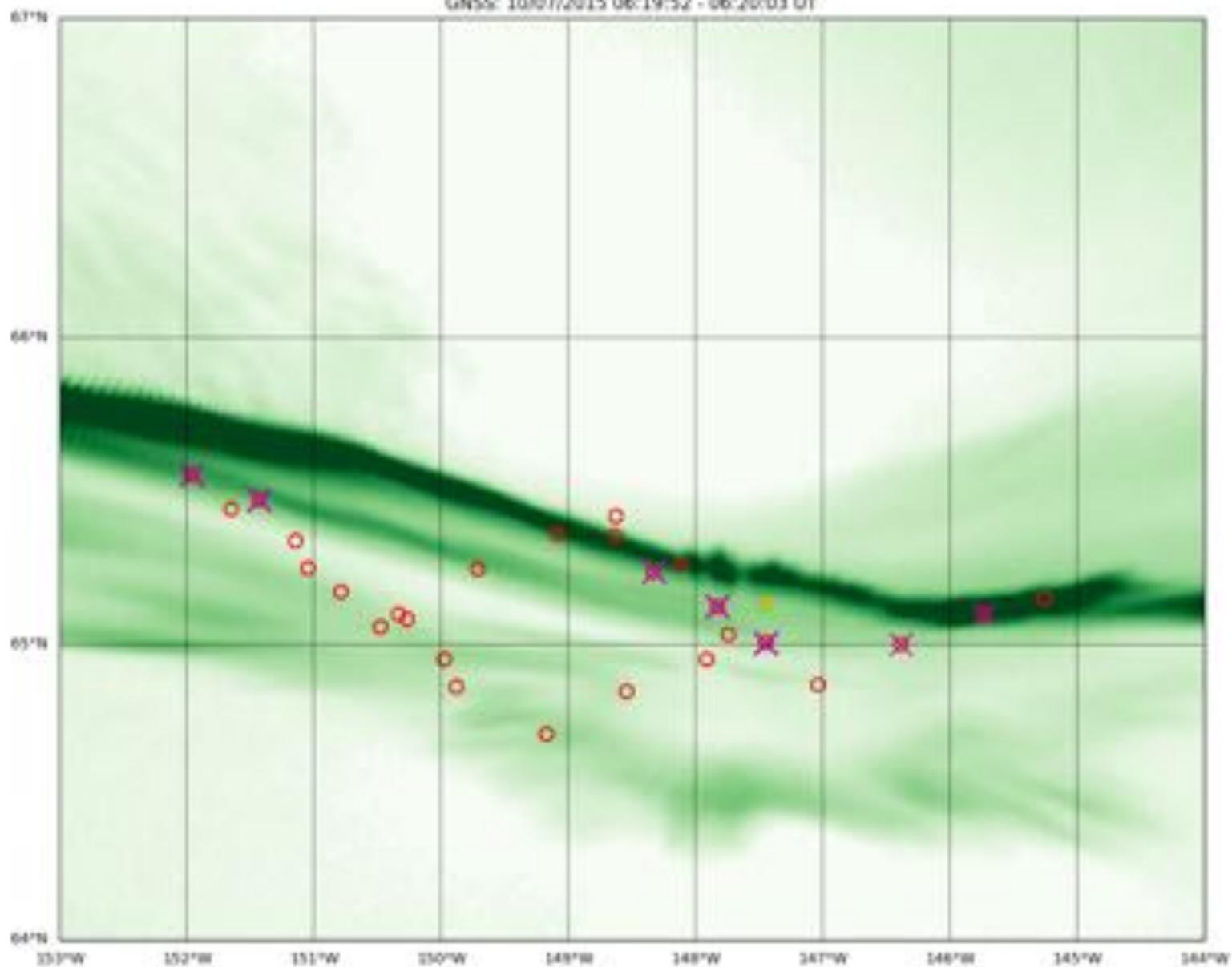
All Sky Camera: 2015-10-07 06:19:50.520 UT  
GNSS: 10/07/2015 06:19:39 - 06:19:50 UT



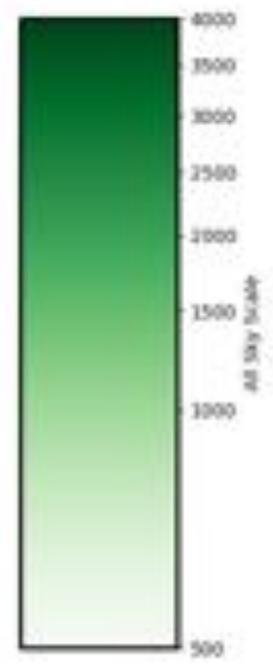
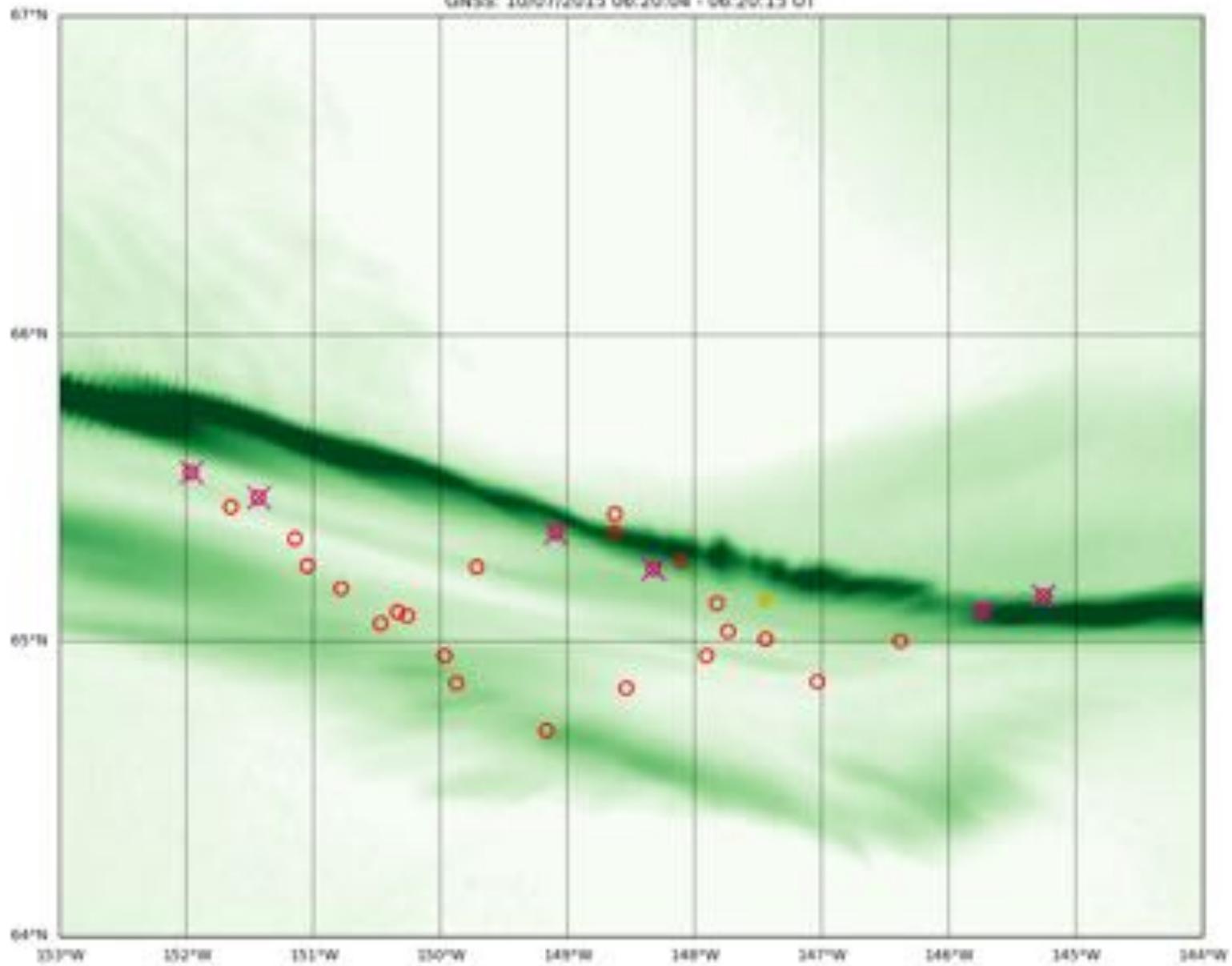
All Sky Camera: 2015-10-07 06:19:50.520 UT  
GNSS: 10/07/2015 06:19:39 - 06:19:50 UT



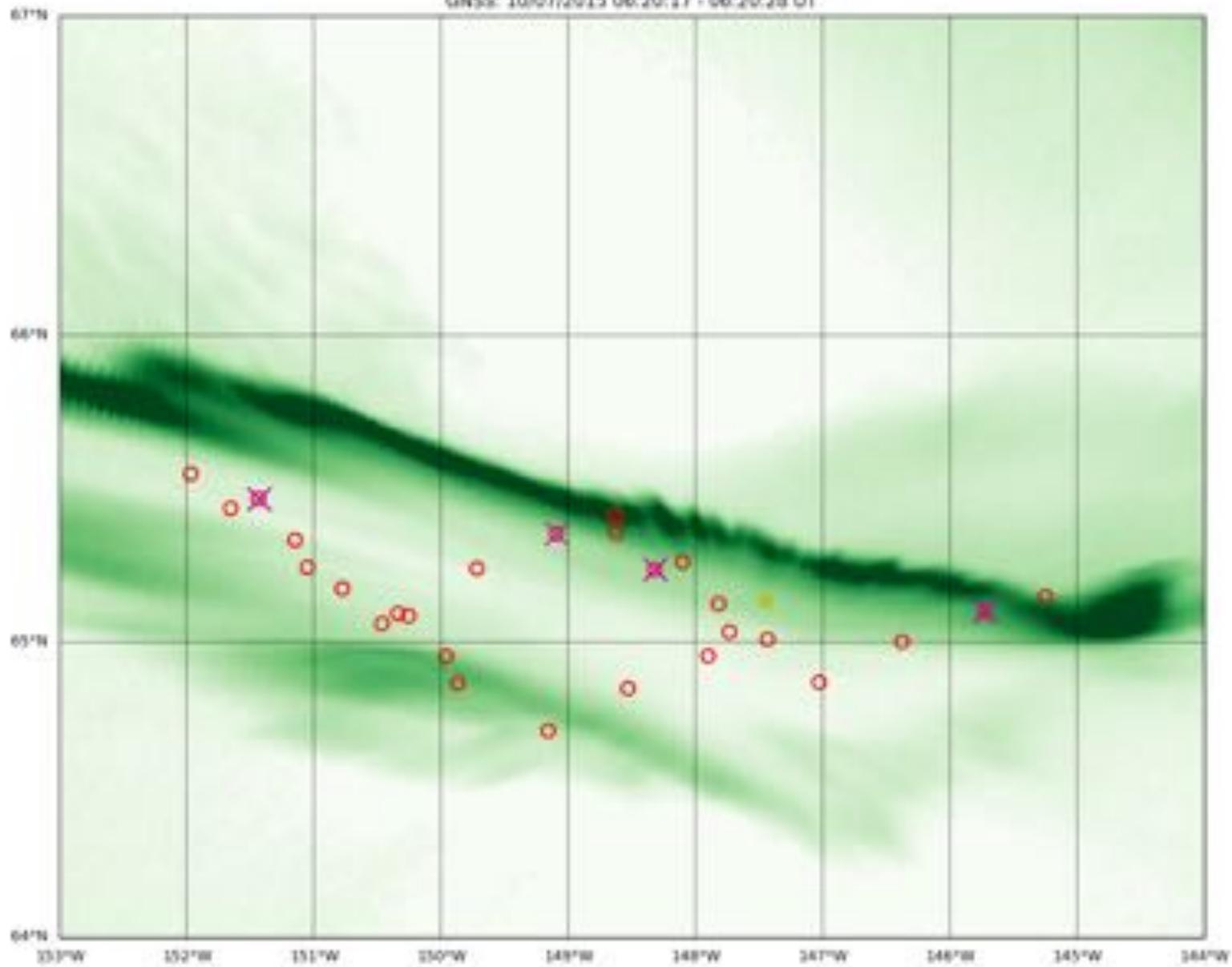
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GNSS: 10/07/2015 06:19:52 - 06:20:03 UT



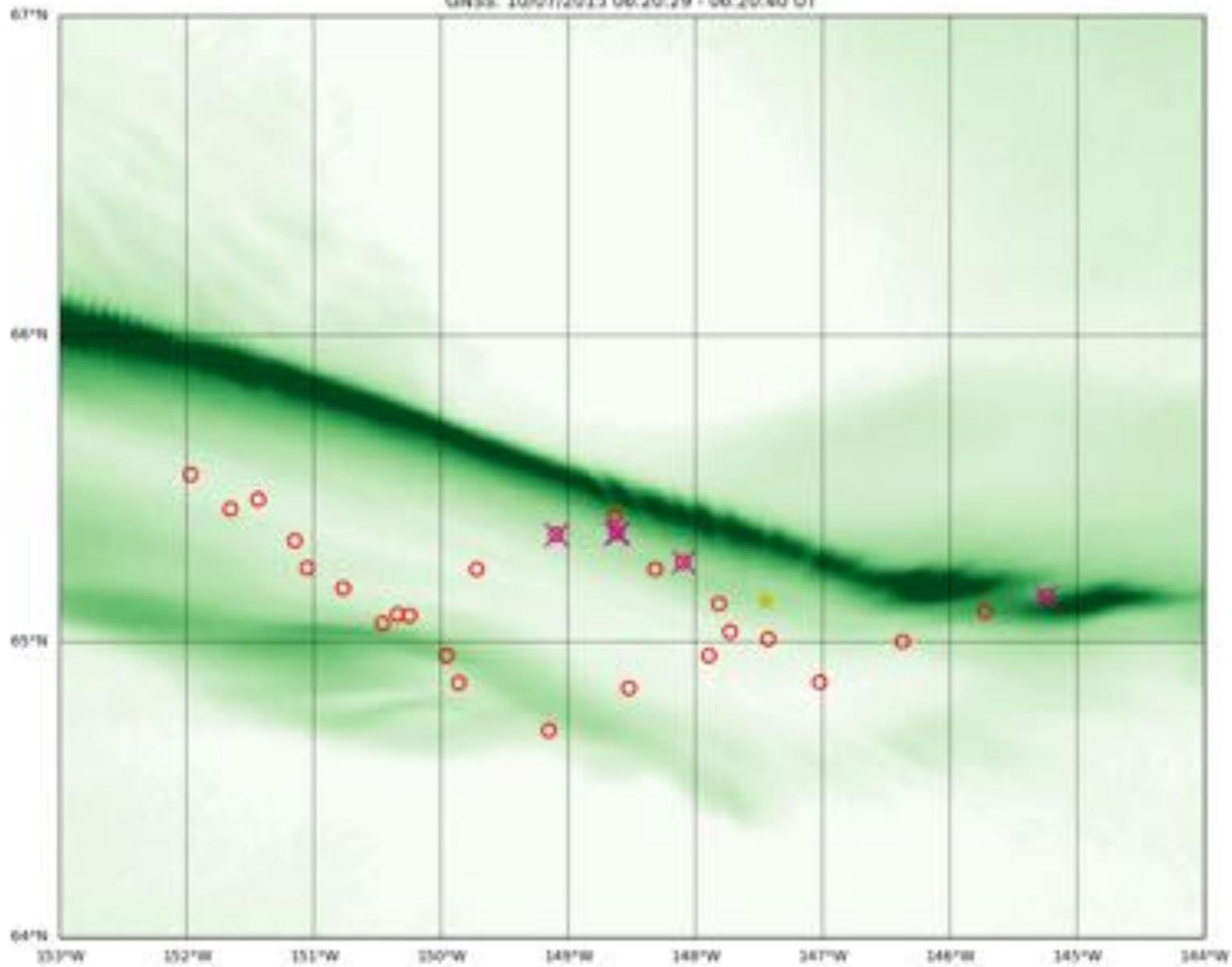
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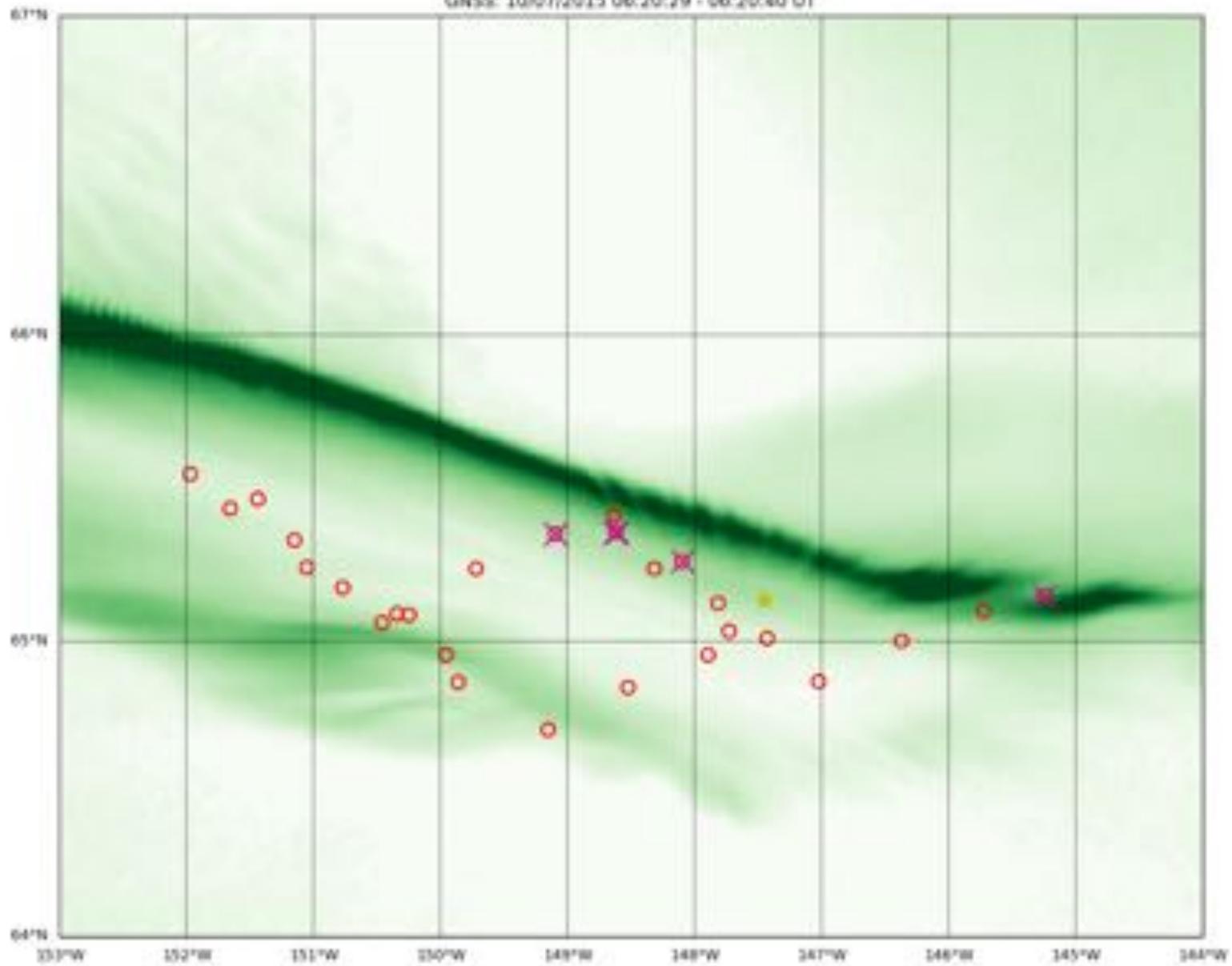
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GNSS: 10/07/2015 06:20:17 - 06:20:28 UT

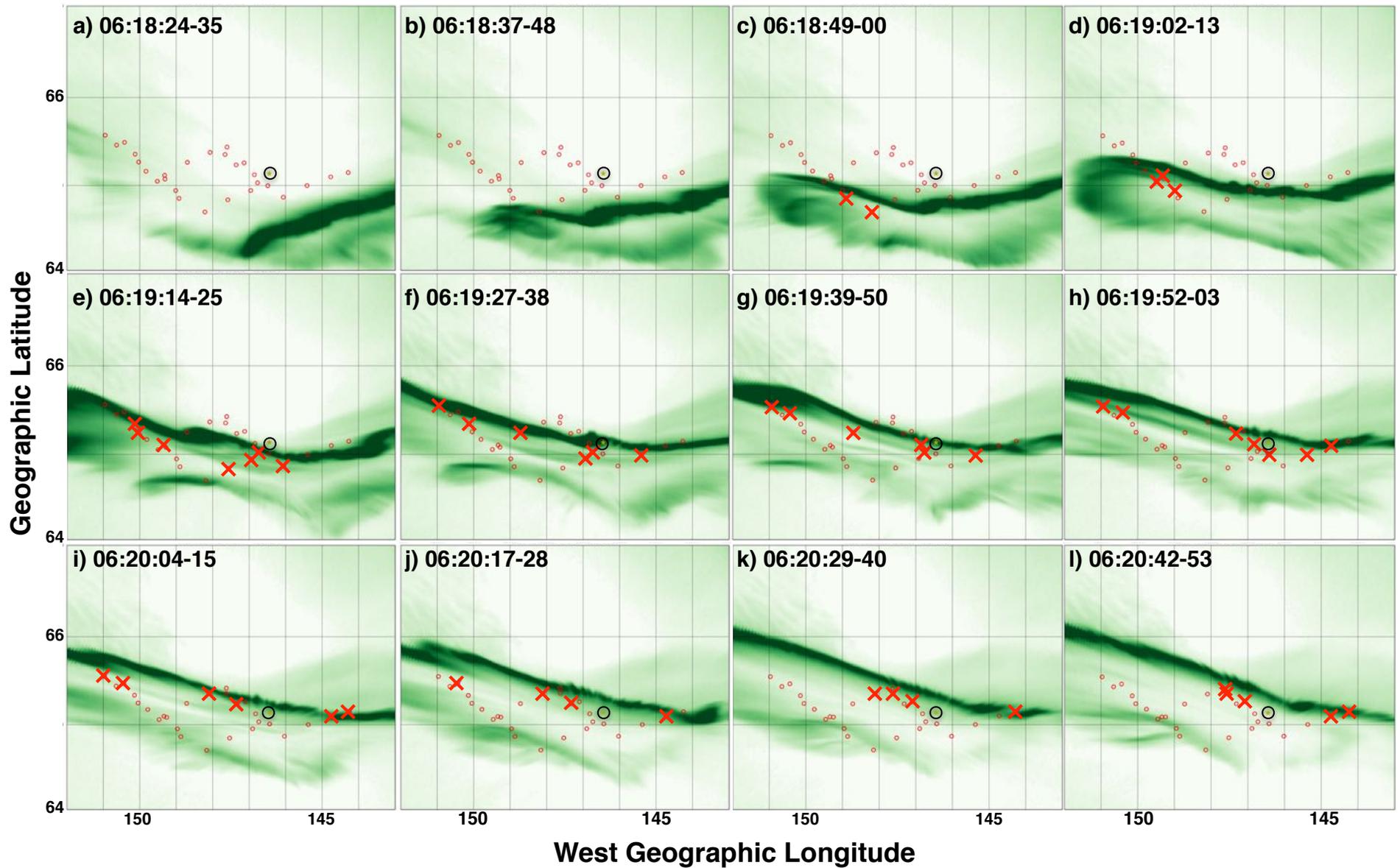


All Sky Camera: 2015-10-07 06:20:40.612 UT  
GNSS: 10/07/2015 06:20:29 - 06:20:40 UT



All Sky Camera: 2015-10-07 06:20:40.612 UT  
GNSS: 10/07/2015 06:20:29 - 06:20:40 UT





Strong phase scintillation observed only along the trailing edge of the westward traveling surge

# Conclusion

- Dissipation of magnetospheric free energy occurs through a cascade of spatial scales, extending from  $\sim 100$  km to  $\sim 10$  cm.
- The role of small scale variability in modifying the energy dissipation process is poorly understood.