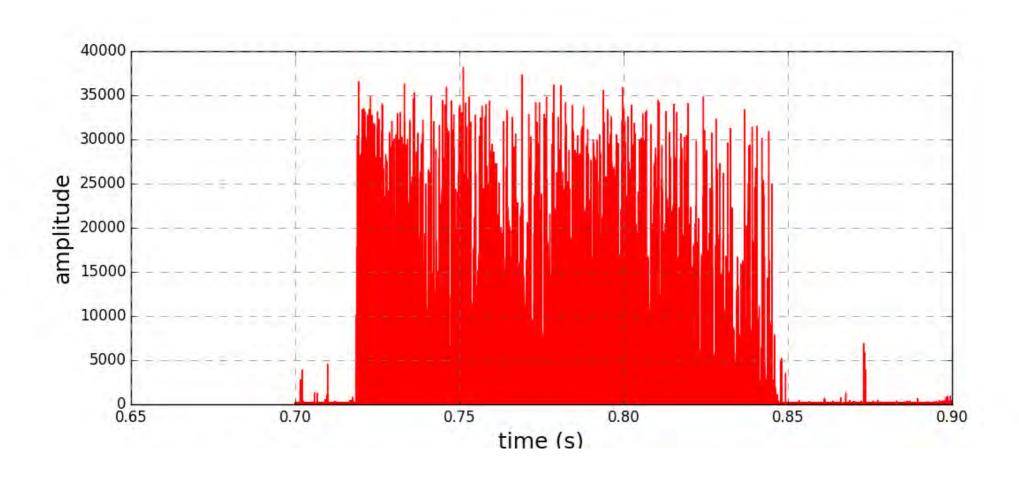
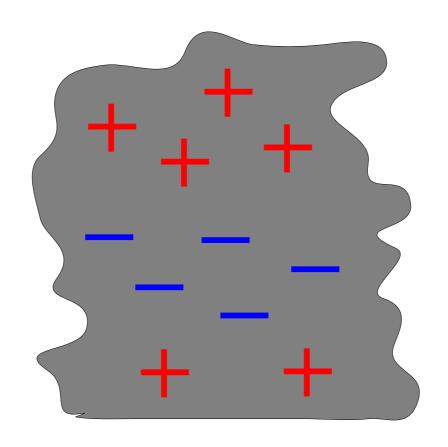
RAPID for Dual-Polarized Interferometry of Lightning

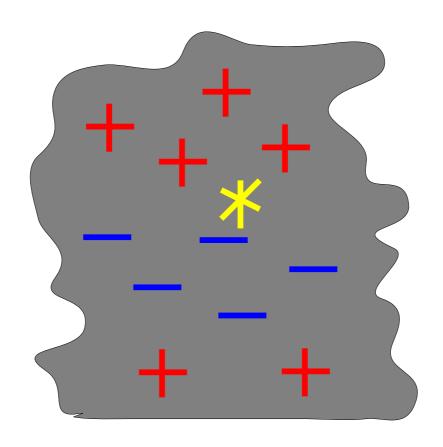
Julia N. Tilles¹, Ningyu Liu¹, Joe Dwyer¹, Frank D. Lind², Tom Brown², Will Rogers², and 'the RAPID team'²

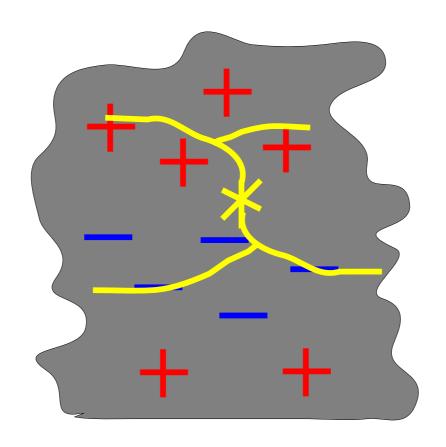
- 1. Department of Physics and Space Science Center, University of New Hampshire, Durham, NH, USA.
 - 2. Haystack Observatory, Westford, MA, USA



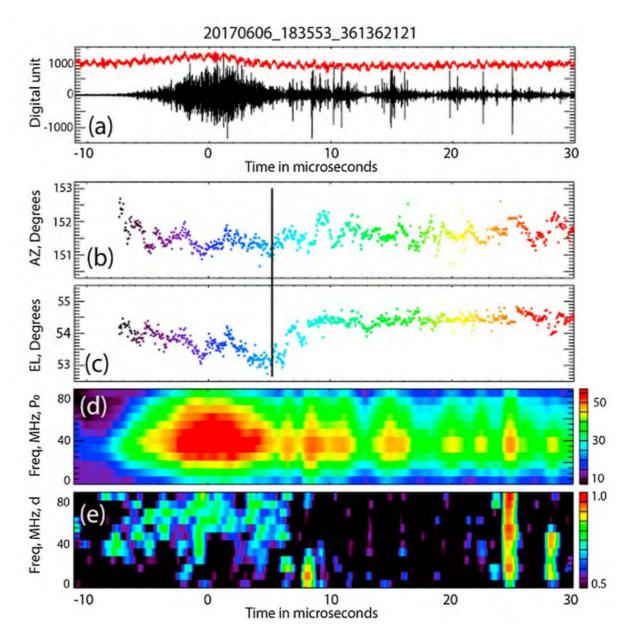






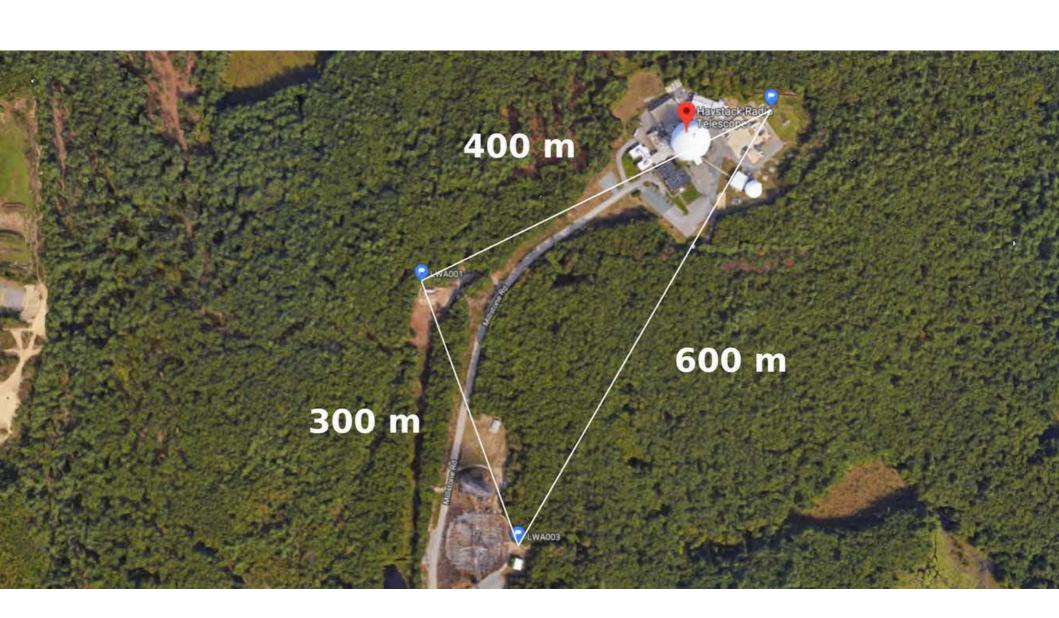


Lightning as a polarized radio source



2018, Shao, etal. "Broadband RF Interferometric Mapping and Polarization (BIMAP) Observations of Lightning Discharges: Revealing New Physics Insights Into Breakdown Processes," *JGR*.

RAPID array configuration



RAPID array configuration

Antennas: (three) Long Wavelength Array (LWA) antennas

Digitizers: (three) Ettus X300 radio at 200 Msps IQ

Resolution: 14 bits Center frequency: 45 MHz

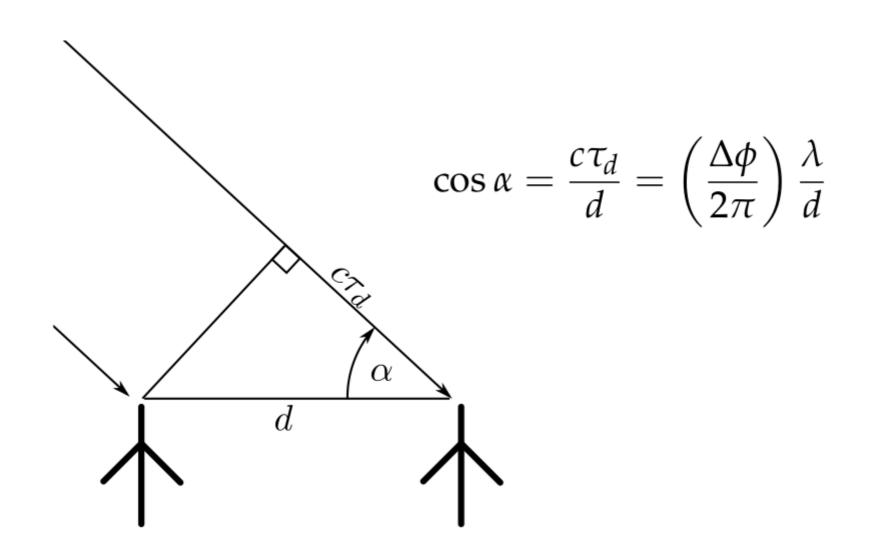
Bandwidth: 50 MHz (10-70 MHz)

Baselines: 335 m, 469 m, and 606 m

Dual-polarization



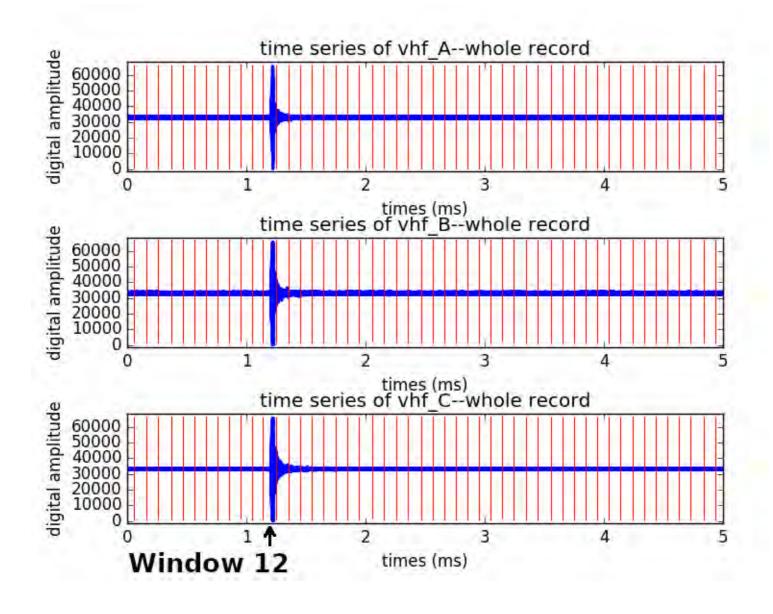
Interferometry – concept



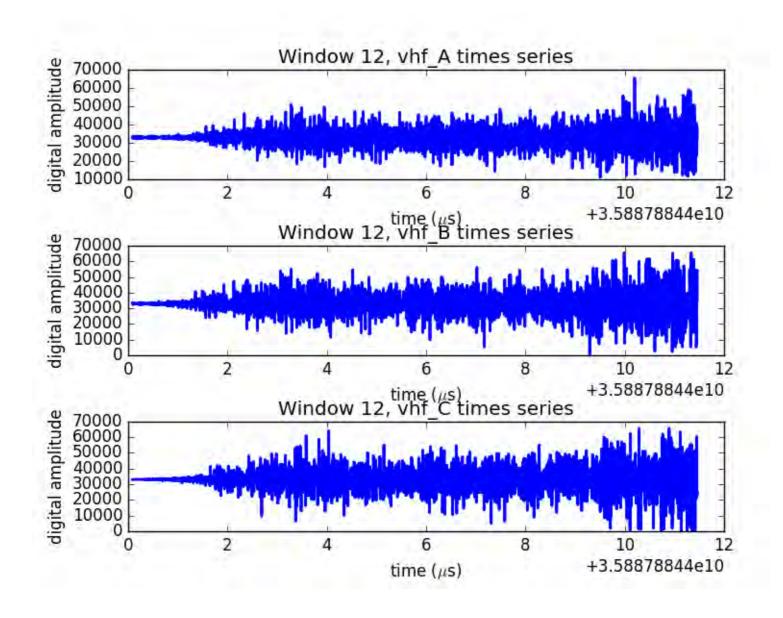
Broadband interferometry of lightning

by Stock, Michael, Ph.D., New Mexico Institute of Mining and Technology, 2014, 254; 3684400

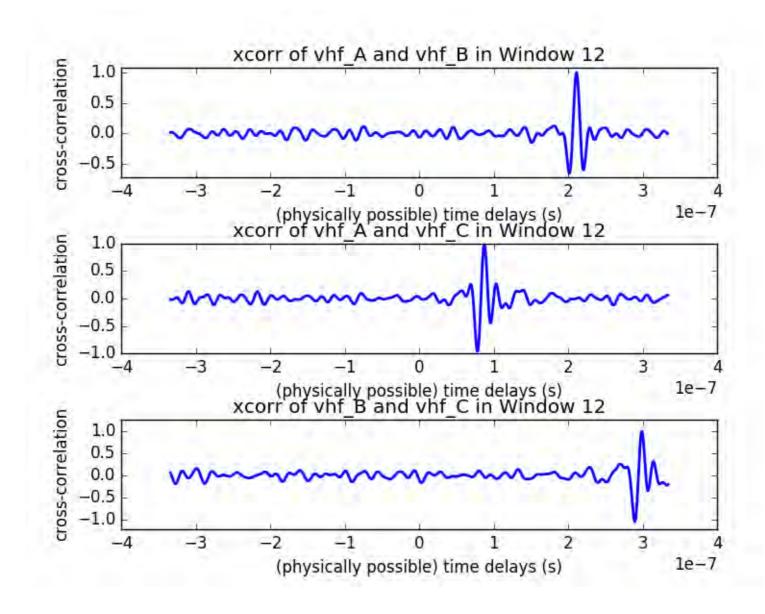
Interferometry – VHF waveforms



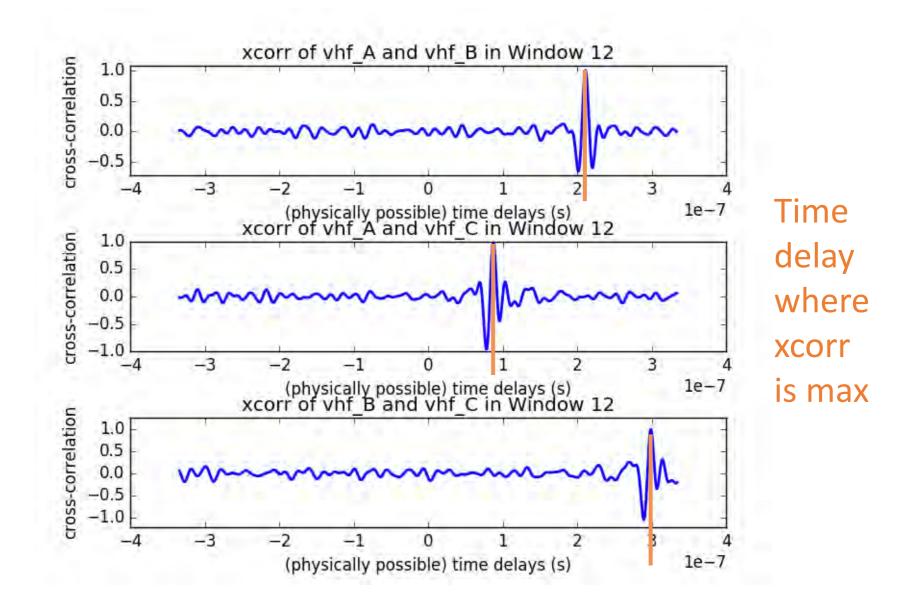
Interferometry – VHF waveforms



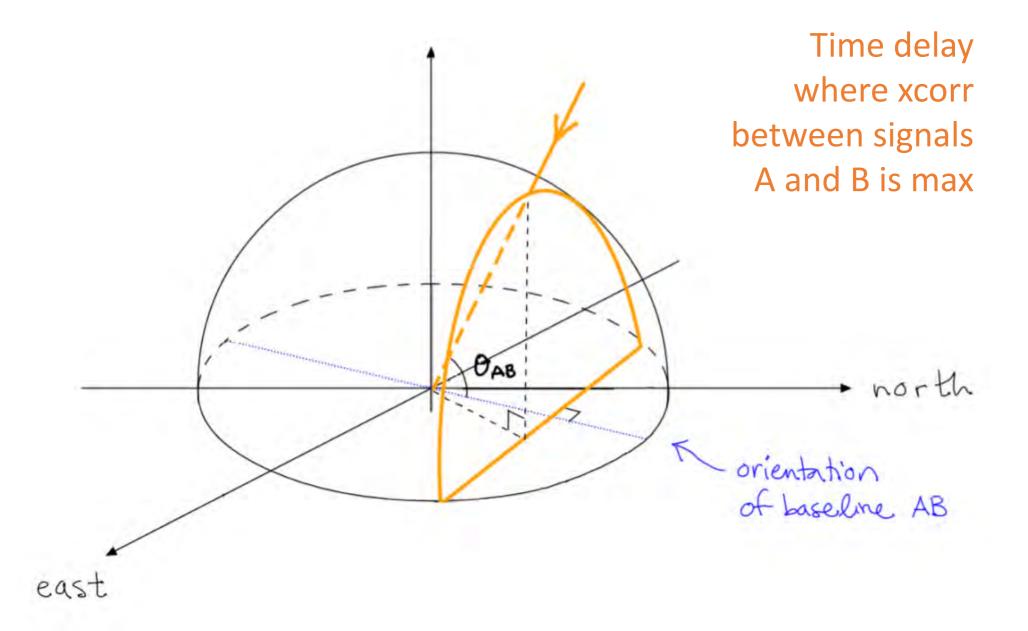
Interferometry – cross correlations



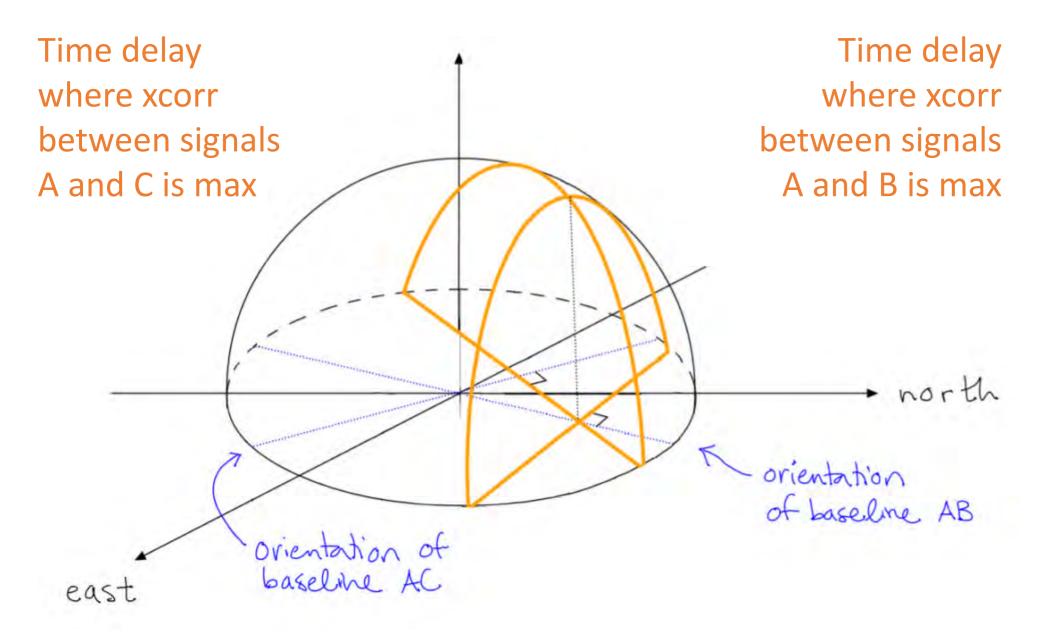
Interferometry – cross correlations



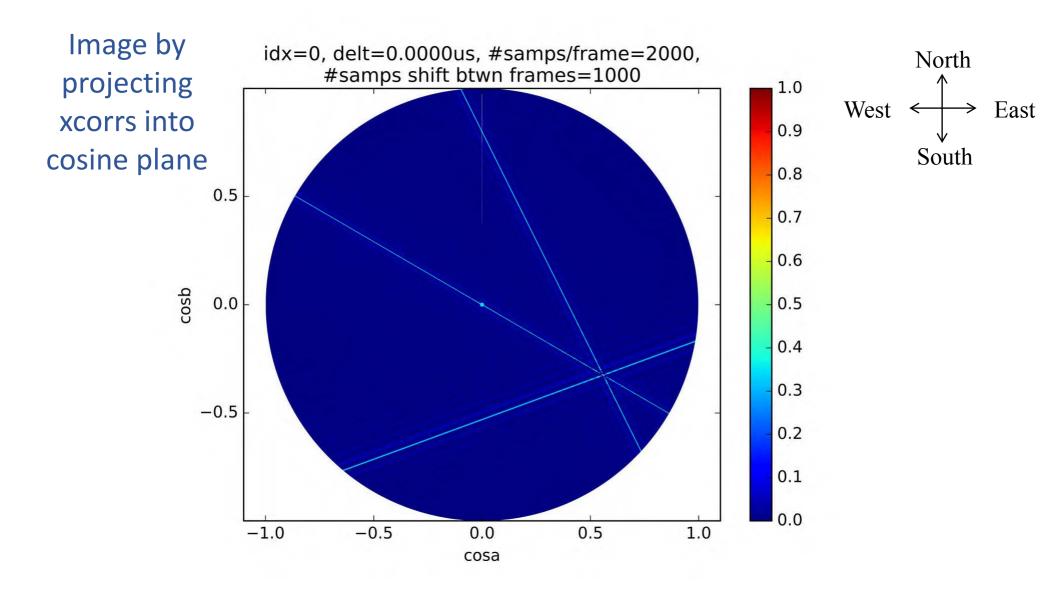
Interferometry – cosine plane projection



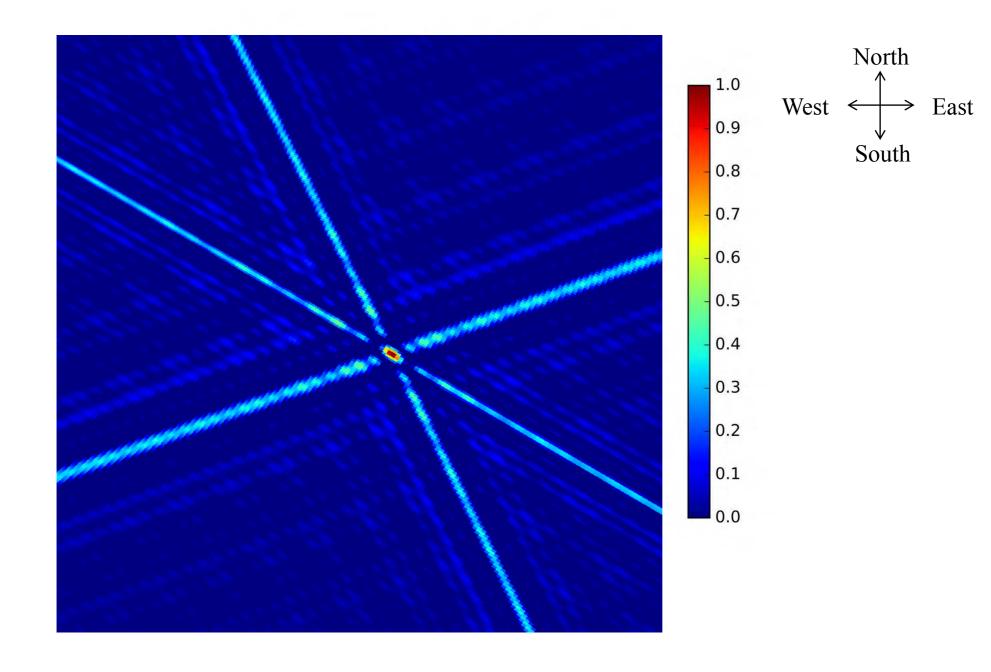
Interferometry – cosine plane projection

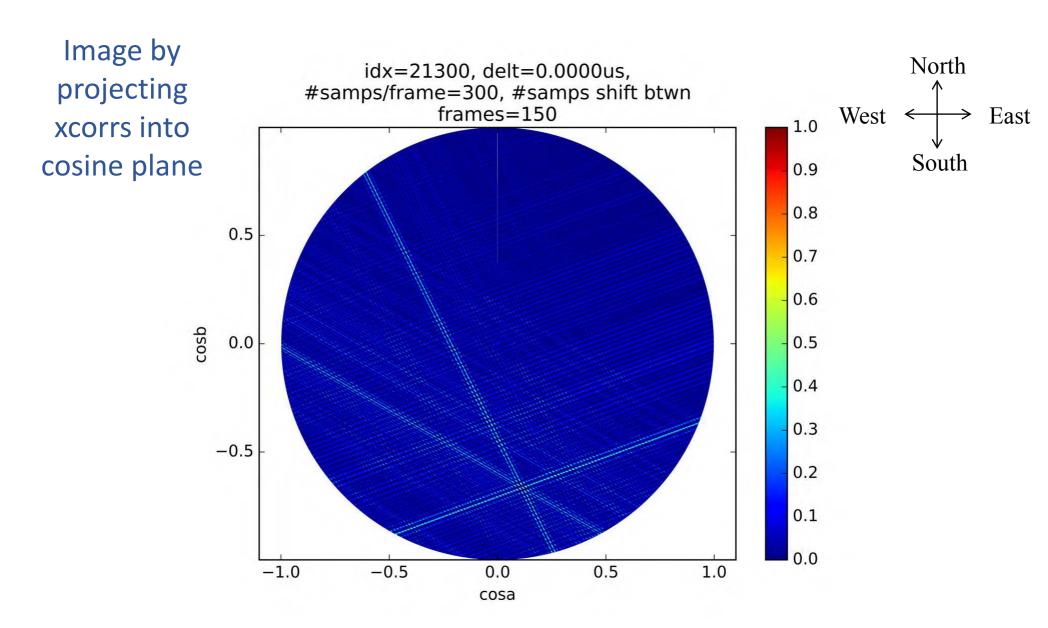


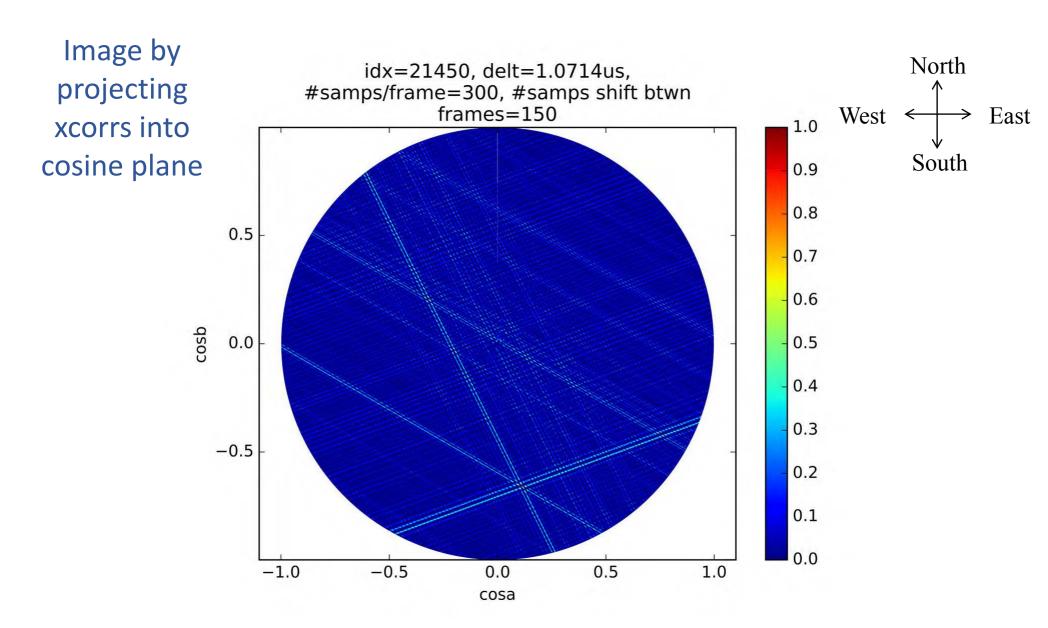
Interferometry – ideal point source

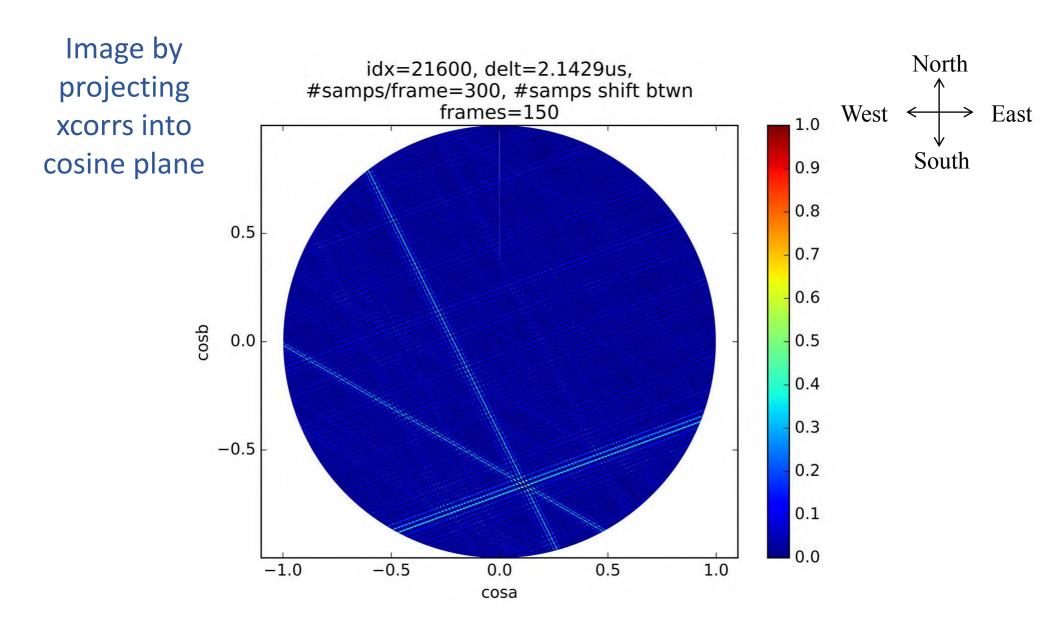


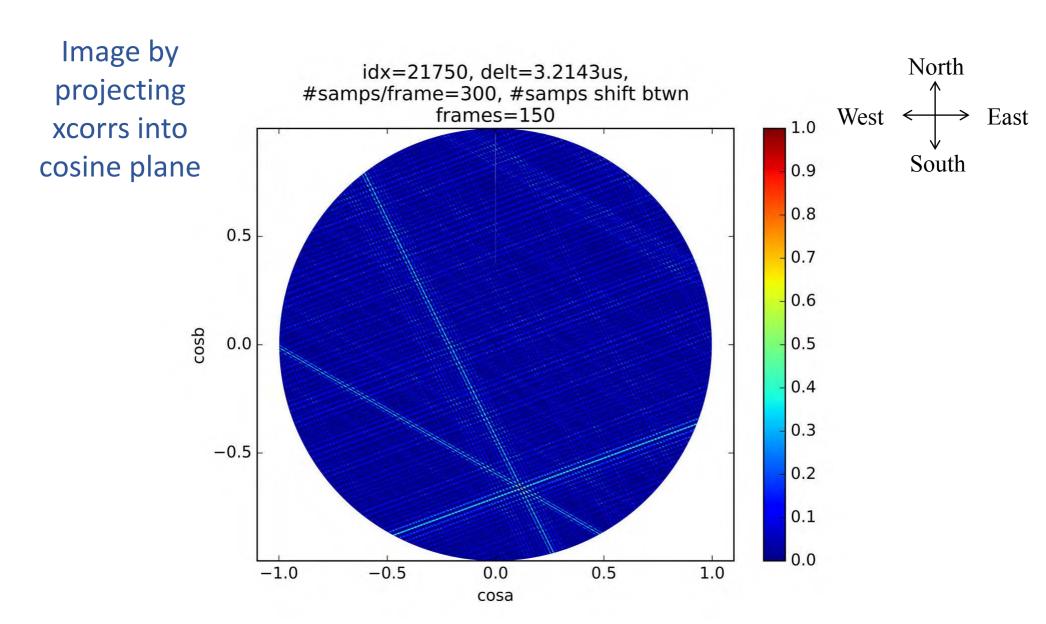
Interferometry – ideal point source

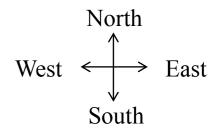


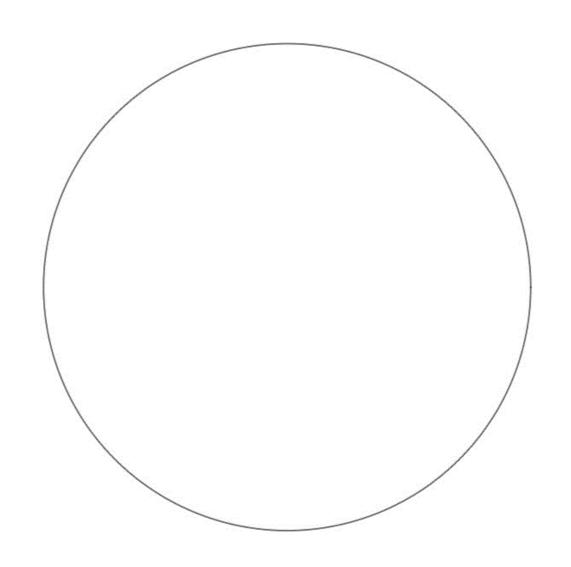


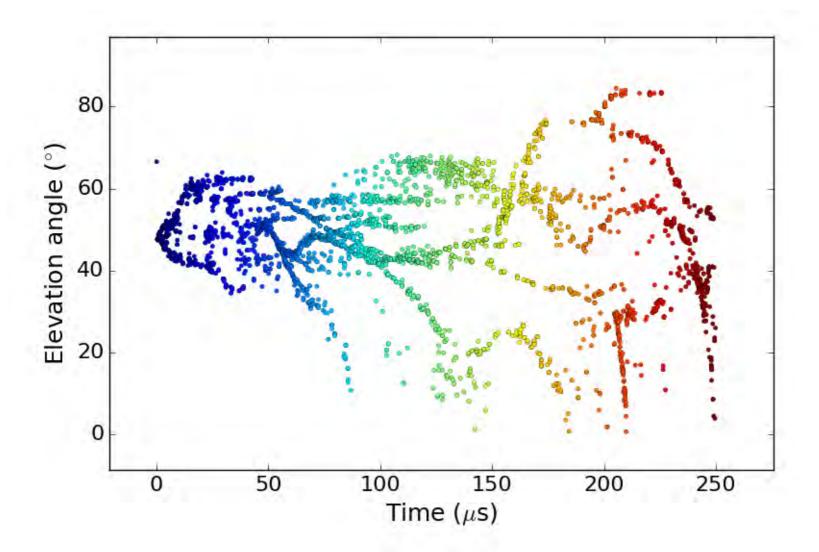


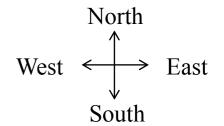


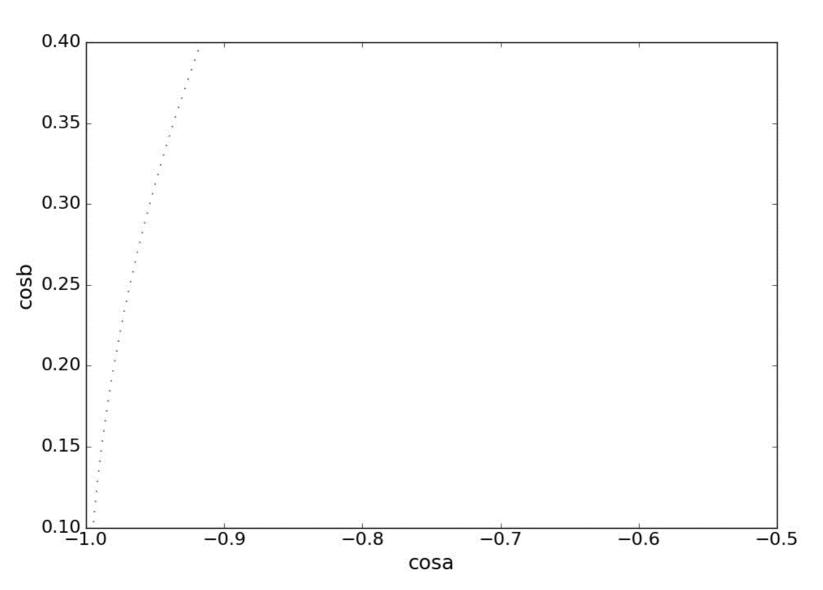


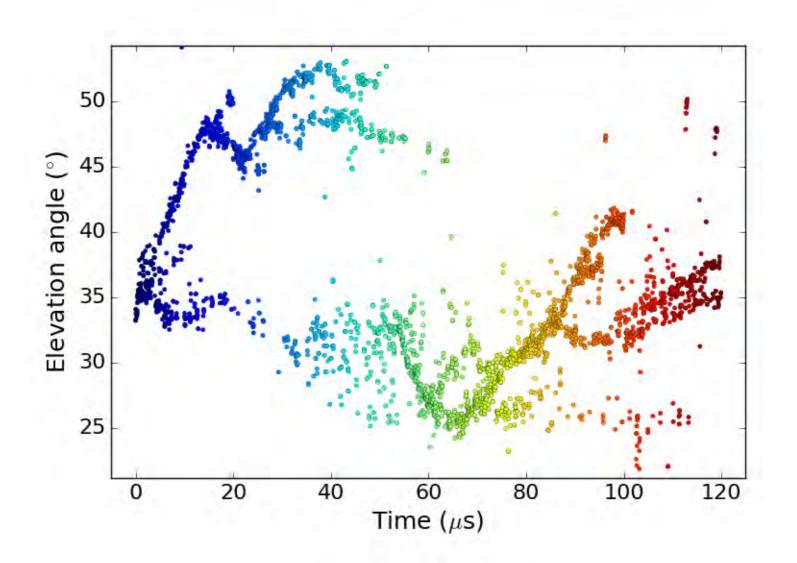












Interferometry + Polarization

$$\begin{split} I &= \langle E_{NS}^2 \rangle + \langle E_{EW}^2 \rangle \\ Q &= \langle E_{NS}^2 \rangle - \langle E_{EW}^2 \rangle \\ U &= \mathbf{2} \langle E_{NS} E_{EW} \cdot \cos(\Delta \phi_{NS} - \Delta \phi_{EW}) \rangle \\ V &= \mathbf{2} \langle E_{NS} E_{EW} \cdot \sin(\Delta \phi_{NS} - \Delta \phi_{EW}) \rangle \end{split}$$

$$d = \frac{\sqrt{Q^2 + U^2 + V^2}}{I}$$

Next step...